nate all bills for raising and appropriat

eign nations, and among the several States.

ing the securities and current coin of

ribunals inferior to the Supreme Court;

forces; to provide for calling forth the mi-litia to execute the laws of the Union, to

was proposed to vest this power of negation

id National Government from conflict,

there should still be some imperfec

And lest there still should be room for misunderstanding, several of the States, from a watchful, vigilant jealousy, when they ratified the Constitution suggested various amendments, and out of respect

their desires, the tirst session of Con

ss held under the Constitution submit-ten amendments, which the States rat-d, the tenth of which declares that

The powers not delegated to the United

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ministry and the Opposition, they leaned sometimes to one side, sometimes to the other. But they concealed themselves so well that you might have

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BOYD WINCHESTER. FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

J. FRY LAWRENCE. SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1867.

ermation in Georgia of a Conservative-Union party, opposed to the acceptance wheel, a gleam of lightning, a vanishing of the military scheme of reconstruction, sound-all these comparisons give but an asserts that the new party will effect imperfect idea of the rapidity of sensanothing, adding as a reason for the as- tion and mobility of mind of M. Dapiu. "The people are sick and tired | Again: "There are in M. Dupin two, three, of uncertainty, and will conform to the four men; nay, an infinity of different equirements of Congress in good faith." | characters." Again: "M. Dupin is This reason, in our judgment, weakens the assertion, instead of strengthening it.

If the people are disposed to accept the government? he has to choose. For military scheme to get rid of uncertainty, both at once. is still better, or for one after

they will be disposed to reject the scheme, the other, before, behind, as you please we may reasonably infer, whenever they and this without the smallest embarrassfind that their acceptance will merely gird | ment in the world." Again: "One day them with uncertainty, while increasing an Editor-it was not mine-wrote bio their abasement. The disposition will graphical sketches of all the deputies, end with its reason. They will not be and he placed and classified them; -who likely to bow their heads in the dust for Ministerial, who belonging to the Oppo-And they will soon find that nothing who to the Centre, who to the intermedior worse than nothing must be their re- ate shades of opinion. But when he came ward for the humiliation. This is now to the letter D, and to the turn of indeed so plain that we do not see how M. Dupin, he knew not what to say any man of even ordinary intelligence of his opinion, or what to do with his

can doubt it. The terms of the so-called place, and was forced to omit him.' law nudeniably leave everything at last to | Again: "He has passed through so many he discretion of Congress; and, to say political events, and advocated truth and thing of the notorious purpose of the easure, and putting aside the avowals of that it is not easy to say whether he has Stevens and Wilson and Kelly and Colfax | done more good or harm to the interests and others, a Congressional Committee, of liberty, nor also more harm or good to speaking anthoritatively for the majority Lis own. And again: "He sits, he riscs, f the body, has just unequivocally de- Le fidgets about, he stretches out his hand lared that Congress will so exercise its to claim the tribune, he mounts it, discretion as to exclude every State that and perorates. Ask him not what does not decidedly and permanently was his object in commencing; ask radicalize itself. And Congress will do him not, above all, how he is going to it, if the scheme is accepted. This is close. Can it be that you would be surertain. Nothing is more certain. Radi- prized, should be speak for the measure

certain. Nothing is more certain. Radical prised, should be speak for the measure calization is anguestionably the one conscheme. It is the condition which in- correct of his inspirations, without even cludes all others. It is at once the highest a surmise as to whither they transport

Will the white people of Georgia or of any other State accept it? We do not believe that they will. Their acceptance is the bushes for arguments. Never-tially to administer the laws of the State, that it should, in a case peculiarly within insists and wishes against wind and ware to us incredible. They surely will not renonnce their manhood and their State-hood for the sake of coming into the say; and we ourselves?" So much for administration on the State courts, but by nion as the liveried menials of the radi- the chief of the French Thirds. Said we al party. They will not sacrifice their | not trnly that he is enough like the chief self-respect and the respect of mankind of our Thirds to be his prototype? Of course for the privilege of becoming the tools of | we did. the assassins of liberty. They cannot. It | Our honored neighbor is incontestably s impossible. But if they do not, they st reject the military scheme. And we onfidently believe that in the end they will. The disposition to reject it is daily growing. And this tendency will be very the only copy extant.

powerfully seconded by the formation of party expressly in favor of rejection. e accordingly hail the event with pleasre. The formation of such a party is minently proper in itself, and it will prove eminently salntary in its conse-

quences. God speed it. The Democrat, with its renal canor, eays. "The Journal explains that its party is made up of the men who destroyed our railroad bridges and fired our lwellings." The Jonraal demonstrates for even Goethe can be compared with hem. It seems clear, too, that of the hree Dante must be proclaimed the chie it is true that each is so great, so individthat its party is made up of the party to which the Democrat belonged in 1464, together with the bulk of the old Conservaive-Union party, whose organization was trasted in the most gen ral way: neverthe-less, considering the magnitude of his theme and the artistic adequacy of the abandoned in 1565. In other words, the Journal demonstrates that its party is name and the artistic adequacy of the reatment, we are constrained to bestow on Dante the epithet of sovereign poet, which he applies to Homer. Less skillful than the Grecian as a story-teller and less rich in the fascinations of a lovely faucy: inferior to Shakespeare as a master of the human heart, and a painter of its subtle and shifting impulses excelled by them made up of the mass of the conservative men of the State. And the Democrat is not sufficiently foolhardy to assail the demonstration. Nor is this all. The Journal at the same time defnonstrated that the Democrat's party is chiefly nd shifting impulses excelled by them oth in affluence of language and in the made up of deserters from both the Demboth in affluence of language and in the exuberant play of the animal spirits, he leaves them far behind in grandeur of passion, in reach and depth of thought, in burning intensity of expression and in religious solemnity and elevation of soul. With all this, his sense of natural beauty is as lively as theirs, his perception of human qualities as keen, and the melody of his verse no less full and majestic. ocratic and Conservative-Union parties,men who three years ago refused to act with the Conservative-Union party, some of them, like our neighbor, avowedly because it was tainted with abolitionism, and others, like several of onr neighbor's candidates, avowedly because it was tainted with secessionism. These extremes have We should be sorry to have such a judgnow met, and formed the Third party, nent in our critical record, if indeed sorwhich in all history, so far as we rememrow for such a judgment may coexist with ber, has but one namesake, and that inhe capability of rendering the judgment. deed is its prototype as well as namesake A person capable of thinking Dante a We refer to the Third party in France greater poet than Shakespeare is capable

during the first part of Louis Philippe's of thinking a Drummond-light more beautiful than the starry heaven. By the bye, our readers who have never heard of this party may be pleased to The radicals think that the legisknow something of it, and those who tion of Congress will make the negro have may be pleased to refresh their nst what he should be. They have no memory. We will gratify them. On the doubt that it will change his wool to Hyleath of Casimir-Perier, one of the earperion curls, that it will give him a Rolier premiers of the July monarchy, cerman or Grecian nose, that it will shorten tain members of the Government majorhis heel, scoop out a hollow in his foot, ity undertook to anticipate the "coming and impart to him the odor of "the balm man," and accordingly set up for themof a thousand flowers." selves. They started to meet the "coming man" or to bring him. "This faction of dissidents," says the brilliant Cormenin, "gave itself the title of Third party. What did it do, this party? What did it want? had it officers? had it soldiers, and who were they? It is said, that, seated on the outskirts of both the

worm ont your eyes to discern

mays out one principle to the other that it was im- new one?

them, and they passed so quickly from | tary order that the corporation buy him a

Gen. Butler, it is said, confidently expects the President's impeachment. He almost as sanguine as sanguinary. And he is always the latter except in bat-

with the following judgment:

ank harvest of human rights in the South. And the reaping is so thoroughly done that no gleaning will be needed. Judge Kelly lost his hat in the Mobile riot. Won't Gen. Pope issue a mili-

nor to keep it. They were ministerial for COMMONWEALTH VS. BOWLIN. three days, and after this they were noth-The only question in this case is as to the competency of the witness, George Gardner, who is a free man, of African No one could say whether they escent, known otherwise as a "negro."
It is provided by sec. 1, chap 107, Reised Statutes, vol. 2 470, "That a slave, were alive, or dying, or dead They had not strength to carry a resolution, a weasure, a principle, and all their fe for or against a slave, negro, or Indian. Indian, in other cases, who speaks the English language, and understands the

SEPARATE OPINION

AS NOT EXTENDED, AND DODE NOT I.
FRAIS ATTEMPT, TO RESULATE THE DID IT WOLDS HE SEFARE INCONSTITUTED AND MODERATIVE.

Singular feiks! whom Providence had very probably constituted, like ourselves. of flesh and bone, who drank, ate, spoke and voted like the rest of mortals, and with whom we have communed, sat, discussed, and legislated, a good moiety of the day, during whole years, without being able to say very precisely what was their e appellant was judicted and conname, and if they had one, nor what their | vieted o pinions, or if they had any. No matter, standing his protest. This decision the Circuit Court is attempted to be justhe Third-party passes for having existed in the days of fable, and M. Dupin for having been its valorons and eloquent chief." So much for the French namesake of our Third party. Said we not rnly that it is also the prototype? And now a word of this M. Dupin, the

possible to define their position. They

lid not betray each other, because they

did not know each other. They did not

count their strength, because they did not

know whom they were composed of. They

coveted power, but dared neither to take

chief of the I'rench Thirds, who, though certainly not the namesake of the chief of gress had the undoubted right to regulate the proceedings of the Federal Courts, and to declare who should be competent wit-nesses therein, as well as who should be our Thirds, is at least enough like him to be his prototype. Says the masterly portrayer whom we have quoted above : "The chameleon which changes color even under the gazer's eye, the bird that makes a thousand twirls and darts off in the air, housand twirls and darts off in the air, the administration of its laws this act must be construed as applying to United States Courts and officers alone, in the absence of any explicit enactment imposing this duty on the State Indictary and officers. It is true that by the second he disk of the moon which slips aside from the field of the telescope, the skiff that, in a stormy sea, mounts, dives, and reappears on the crest of the billows, a flitting shadow, a startled fly, a whirling nic, ordinance, regulation, or custom, or shall subject any inhabitant of any State erent punishments, pains, or penaltics on account of such person having at any his color or race, than is prescribed for the punishment of white persons, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be punished by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or im risoned not exceeding one year, or both, the discretion of the Court." But the ext section gives exclusive jurisdiction o Federal Conrts, excluding the State Conrts, "of all crimes and offenses com-nitted against the provisions of this act," sition, who to the Left, who to the Right ay be any of the rights secured to them y the first section of this act; and if any ait or prosecution, civil or criminal, has it or prosecution, civil or criminal, has seen or shall be commenced in any State Conrt, against any such person, for any cause whatsoever, or against any officer, eivil or military, or other person, for any falsehood in so many and different causes,

> this act, '&c., " " " such defendant shall have the right to remove such cause for trial to the proper District Court or Circuit Court in the manner pre-scribed by the act relating to habeas corpus, and the amendatory acts thereto." If any party, belonging to these privi-ge classes, be sued in a State Court, he virtue of these several acts select this

dition of admission under the military to be a man who gives himself up to the administer those laws, but it has not made it the duty of the State officers and the a surmise as to whither they transport
him? He sets out, and, as he goes along,
State court, which is bound by the most nsists and wishes, against wind and wave,

> very general language denounces penal-ties on all who violate its provisions. No court, either State or national, has as yet so far forgotten its own dignity, in strue general statutes denouncing pains and penalties against all offenders and a Dupin of a fellow. He is in fact the Dutors of its provisions as embracing pinest fellowalive. He out-Dupins Dupin.

> And his party is a remarkably faithful copy of M. Dupin's party. It is in fact laws generally, for this would be, to make an honest conviction of the meaning of a law, an effence, should another court dif-ter from it in its construction. To construc these pains and penalties The critic of the New York Times opens a review of Mr. Longfellow s Dante It is now nearly six centuries since the sublication of the Divine Comedy, and he world is just beginning to agree that it is the first of poems, and that Homer

> publication of the Dieine Comedy, and the world is just beginning to agree that it is the first of poems. and that Homer and Shakespeare alone are to be counted in the same category with its author. This may safely be pronounced a just judgment. Certainly, there is no other writer in all the records of literature whose genins rises to the same height with theirs. Neither Virgil, nor Milton, nor Calder not record for the properties of the Government are divided into three discovernment are divided into three discovernment are divided into three discovernment.

Both these constitutions have secured the faithful discharge of duties by their not by denouncing pains and penalties

If this second section, then, be conthe Federal courts and directory to the

l'ederal officers.
This must be so if the principles be corect which were invoked by Ohio in her conflict with Kentucky, and which were

conflict with Kentucky, and which were established by the Supreme Court of the United States in 24, How. 95.

But if it be conceded, as it is claimed, that the State Judiciary and State officers are embraced in this congressional enactment, and intended to be so embraced, whence the constitutional power in Congress to impose such duties on the State Judiciary and to denonnce such penalties for their non observance?

or their non observance?
Every attentive and philosophic reader the history of the Constitution and the ebates of the convention which framed it, has observed that there were two main theories which were prominent and pre-

dominating in the convention.

One was that, as each State was a Sovereignty and had a perfect government already in existence, vested with the whole political power of their respective populations, and then having a compact etween these sovereignties, that their delegates could not act as if the whole or any considerable part of that power could be transferred by the people themselves to another Government; that whatever ower was to be couferred on a rnment must be granted by the government must be granted by the States, as political corporations, and that therefore the principle of the Union, as existing in the Confederation, could not be changed, whatever additions to its authority it might be expedient to make, and therefore the federal equality of the States must be conjuned.

The other theory was that as they were now making a National Government the democratic masses of all the States should be represented, and that numbers should determine the representation in each House of the National Legislature; that real peace and freedom could not be at-

tained if five hundred thousand people, dwelling in one political division of the country, possessed only the same voice in Many of the Free States, since then,

the cnactment of the laws as hity thousand dwelling in another division. And these two theories continued to be debated from June 19 to July 5, with all the sincerity that interest lends to conviction, and all the tenacity that conviction can produce, both intensifying the warmth and profundings of these discussions. oundness of these discussions.
The larger States were deeply interested The larger States were deeply interested in establishing the democratic theory of representation bared upon numbers, whilst the smaller States were vitally interested in the federal principle of equality of repin the federal principle of equality of representation without reference to mambers. And upon Mr. Ellsworth's motion to allow equal representation to the States in the Senate, the vote was equally divided, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Delaware and Baryland voting aye: Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Virgiuin, North Carolina and South Carolina voting may, and Georgia equally divided.

The convenion was now brought to a

The convenion was now brought to a dead lock on these conflicting theories, and barren, naked failure was eminent. This resulted in the raising of a committee of one from eath State, which and released from imprisonment a citizen convicted by the United States Court, and then in prison under its judgment; and pronounced its judgment final, and ignored the right of the Supreme Court of fanally reported a plan of equal represen-tation of the States in the Senate and a representation of the democratic masses in the lower house, with power alone in the popular branch of Cougress to origimoney.

The jealousy of the States did. not cud with the organization of the National Legislature, but continued throughout the en-

ularly on that branch defining the subjects over which Congress might legislate, and the powers conferred upon the different lepartments and officers, executive and judicial.

Having conferred upon Congress the power to levy and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; to borozaw money to regulate commerce with for-

> But it should be remembered that in the uncertain and ever changing sentiments of the masses in a Republic, the only safety is in the strict adherence to the

reserved and sovereign right of the States which the National Government may not invade, and which have been held as foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by the Constitution in the United States, or in any department or officers thereof. Sec. 8, art. 1 U.S. Constitu-The next subject of great difficulty was

was proposed to vest this power of negation with the legislative subjects and powers. This was strennously resisted because such a power in the Federal Government would be entirely inconsistent with the sovereignty of the States, as this would subordinate their entire legislation to the legislation of the National Government, and he inconsistent with the producing

which these Indian nations hold to the Government of the United Statas, the State of New York had the sovereign powand be inconsistent with the predominent intent to extend the direct authority of the grant of powers to the national head.

Besides it was insisted that any supposed conflict between State and National legis-

position and intrusion. The power of a State to make such regulations to preserve the peace of the community is absolute, and has were been surrendered.

Hence it was decided that whatever may have been the claims of the relators to the 12,800 acres of land, called the Towarda tract, which they claimed the Senaca Indians, by treaty with the United States of May 20, 1812, conveyed to their lation neas in its nature judivial, and therefore, to class it among the legislative powers was to commit the subject to an until arbitration, instead of giving it to a department that would have no direct in-

of New York could constitutionally enact this statute.

It was finally determined that the judicial power of the nation should be vested in "one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as Congress might ordain;" and that the judicial power should extend "to all cases of law and equity arising under this Constitution, the faws of the United States and treaties made in pursuance thereof, or which shall be made suprementations and the constitution of subject, that it is hard to perceive this statute.

And in Ablemann vs. Booth, and United States Supreme Court of the Supreme the Suprementation of subject, that it is hard to perceive this statute.

Court of Wisconsin, 21 Howard, 516, the Suprementation of the United States, in discussing the right and power of a State "Hustings."

Court to interfere with the proceedings of the "Hustings."

Whilst not essential to show the constitution placed on it by politicians at the "Hustings."

Whilst not essential to show the constitution placed on it by its advocates, before it had been submitted, and whilst under consideration by Congress, yet I will be the false constitution placed on it by politicians at the "Hustings." under thereof, or which shall be made under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty, and maratime jurisdiction to controversies to which the United States shall

be a party; to controversies between two e States; between citizens of diflerent States; and between a State or The next section gave original jurisdiction in certain of these cases to the Su-preme Court, and declared that in others it should only have appellate jurisdic-

on. Having created a Congress and speci-ed the subjects over which it should leg-late, and ordained a judiciary and its ction, to still betterguard the States overnment, and by sec. 10 prohibition on and laws and treaties of the United States, And finally, though having well defined to powers conferred on the United States, ance thereof, and all treaties made runance thereof, and all treaties made er which shall be made, under the authory of the United States, shall be the surreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding. not possibly be maintained peacefully, nuless it was associated with this parameunt judicial authority."

And again: "This tribunal, therefore, was creeted, and the powers of which we have before spoken conferred upon it, not by the Federal Government, but by the people of the States, who adopted and formed that Government, and conferred upon it all its powers, legislative, execu-tive, and judicial, which it now possesses. And again: "This judicial power was justly regarded as indispensable, not merely to maintain the supremacy of the laws of the United States, but also to guard the States from encroachments upon their reserved rights by the General Govern-

States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people."

It is lamentably true that in the political, legislative, and judicial history of the country, sometimes the States, first of the one section and then of the other, have asserted a supremary and nowers wholly And in referring to the difference in the apremacy of the legislative and indicial authorities, "in the first case it provides that this constitution and the laws of the United States, which shall be made in one section and then or the other, asserted a supremacy and powers wholly pursuance thereof, shall be the supreme law of the land," and, therefore, "if it passed a law not anthorized by its enum-erated powers, it was not to be regarded as the supreme law of the land," whilst, "the jurisdiction of its contrs shall extend States, as defined in its Constitution, as passion, prejudice, and interest might dictate, and then again to be followed by the to all cases arising under this constitu-tion and laws of the United States," there-fore, "the judicial power covers every legislative act of Congress, whether it be made within the limits of its delegated assertion of powers and supremacy in the National Government, wholly inconsist-cunt with the reserved powers and constitu-tional prerogatives of the States, and uterly inconsistent with previous history made within the limits of its delegated powers, or be an assumption of power beyond the grants in the constitutiou." And again it most truthfully and philosophically said, "nor can it be inconsistent with the dignity of a sovereign State to observe faithfully, and in a spirit of sincerity and truth, the compact into which it yountarily entered when it became a and actions of the same party, but still in-spired by that same passion, prejudice, or interest, but amid this inconsistent and in-congruous action of political parties, and gislative enactments, and State adjudilegislative enactments, and State adjudi-cation, the Snpreme Court of the United States, being alike the representative of the Federal Government and all the States, have nobly raised itself above this conflict of strife, and of prejudice, and of inconsistency, and stood as the mighty forum of impartiality, of integrity, of intelligence, and of justice, and of conit voluntarily entered when it became a
State of this Union. On the contrary,
the highest honor of sovereignty is untarnished faith.
Thus the objects, character, and powers
of the Federal Government, and the su-

themselves a convention, their object being lawless, and the exercise by the States of rights and powers wholly inconsist with the just powers of the National Government, because their sentiments and interest conflicted with the national case.

Many of the Eve States, since them of the States constitution, which is as a step appear, are as fully authorized by the laws of the States, and thus to have the power, to be exercised at their own will, of repealing the laws of the States, and thus to have the power, to be exercised at their own will, of repealing the laws of the States, and all these things, as monstrous as they appear, are as fully authorized by states are supported in any States. follows: "A person charged in any State

declined because it retarded and interfer

tive rights and powers, and supremacy the United States and the several State

ner, of Massachusetts, April 8, 1864, Congressional Globe, part 2, first session Thirty-eight Congress, p. 1,482-3, said:

But the immediate question now before

us is on the proposition to prohibit slavery by constitutional amendment; and here I hope to be indulged for a moment as to the form it should take."

the exact language of the amendment as

er's substitute was so decided hat he really never offered it, but suggested in place of the amendment as reported

by the committee a change in its lan-

by the committee a change in its language as follows:
"Slavery shall not exist anywhere in the United States or the jurisdiction thereof; and the Congress shall have power to make all laws necessary and proper to carry this prohibiton into effect."

He conceded that this was the identical representation providing as accorded by the

dream of claiming by virtue thereof the right of Congress by enactment to invade the reserved rights of the States to enter

the reserved rights of the States to enter their courts and dictate the rules of evi-dence, competency of witnesses, qualifi-cation of their jurors, judges, or other officers, or to control by legislation the laws of descents, the laws of marriage, including the connubial relations and

including the connabial relations and laws regulating divorce, the qualification and rights of citizenship of the States,

he laws of contract, the laws regulating

the States down to the year 1560.

Many of the Free States, since thea, have enacted statutes condicting with the acts of Congress made on sabjects expressly conferred by the United States Constitution, because the unitional laws where odions to them, thus asserting a surpremacy of State over national legislation, and the Legislature of Massachusetts actually addressed out of office a State actually addressed out of office a State actually addressed onto folions at attempt of Congress which the Supreme Court had pronounced constitutions, but which was in conflict with the enactments of the State and to correct to obey a statute of Congress that the enactments of the State and the contribution of the United States.

The Supreme Court of Wisconsin, place the contribution of the United States.

The Supreme Court of Wisconsin, place the contribution of the United States Supremacy over the nation, pronounced a statute of compulsory, but as declaring of the term. Congress but had no with the supreme court of wisconsin, place the competency of witnesses. If Congress said amendment as is the right to regulate the competency of witnesses. If Congress said amendment as is the right to regulate with treason, felony, or other crime, who is another State, shall on demand of the competency of witnesses. If Congress and the competency of witnesses and colar the competency of witnesses. If Congress and the competency of witnesses. If Congress and the actually another competency of witnes

to the Southern States, instead of seeking the legal and peaceful formus of the Cou-stitution, they asserted likewise a State supremacy wholly incompatible with the rights, powers and prerogatives of the Na-

tates, of both sections, have from time to time, as passion, prejudice and interest might incline them, been lawless and rev-olutionary; and the predominant theories of the convention and the condicts beeign nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes; to establish a nniform rule of naturalization, and nniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies; to coin money and regulate its value, and fix the standard of weights and measures; to provide for the punishment of couterfeiting the scentilis and current coin of tween the advocates of Federal equality and Democratic ascendancy have been al-ternately advocated and repudiated by the same States, according to their varying the United States, to establish postoffices sentiments and interests, until a most unhappy and distructive conflict has pros-trated the powers of the States and invig-orated the powers of the National Govern-ment. Now the danger has shifted from define and punish piracies and felonies on the high seas, and offences against the laws of nations; to declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisals, and make rules concerning captures on land and tional head, usurping the reserved rights water; to raise and support armies; to provide and maintain a navy; to make rules for the government und regulation of the land and naval of the States, and destroying their govern-

safety is in the strict adherence to the fundamental compact, for the majority that suppress insurrections, and repel inva-sions; to provide for arming and disciplining the militia; to exercise exclusive legislation in all cases over such district as may become the seat of government of the United States, and all other places for turn be crushed by that same undue and the crection of forts, &c; and finally, to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the reserved and sov We turn now to the examination of the

sacred and tree from control by both the legislative and judicial departments of the National Government for three quar-In New York vs. Dibbie, in expounding

a statute of the State prohibiting any one but Indians from settling upon or residing on lands belonging to or occupied by preme Court of the United States, 21 How-Notwithstanding the peculiar relations

the monstrons power of invading the pre-cincts of the State Conrts, and directing them as to whom they shall receive as competent witnesses, or incors, or other-

States of May 20, 1812, conveyed to their tio vendors, Ogden ond Fellows, yet the State of New York could constitutionally enact and free from confusion and complica-

from imprisonment a citizen then incar-cerated by the judgment of the United States Court, for the violation of an act of Congress, which the State Court held to be neconstitutional and invalid, said:

ist, and are exercised within the same territorial limits, are yet separate and dis-tinct sovereignties, acting separately and independently of each other within their respective spheres. And the sphere of ac-tion appropriated to the United States is as far beyond the reach of the judicial process issued by a State Judge or a State Court, as if the line of division was traced y land-marks and monuments visible to

Again it said. 'It was essential, therefore, to its very existence as a Government, that it should have the power of establishing courts of justice altogether indapendent of State power, to carry into whether in a State Court or a Court of the United Sates, should be finally and con-clusively settled. Without such a tribunal, it is obvious that there would be no uniformity of judicial decision; and that the upremacy (which is but another name

the court is of opinion the words, 'it shall be the duly,' were not used as mandatory and compulsory, but as declatory of the moral duty which the compact created when Congress had provided the mode of carrying it into execution. The aet does not provide any means to compel the execution of this duty, nor inflict any punishment for neglect or refusal on the part of the Executive of the State; nor is there any clause or provision in the Constitution of the State; nor is there are duty that the constitution of the State; nor is there are state of the state; nor is there are state of the state; nor is there are state of the state contribute of the case. They may do so on the principle of comity. But it is clear that Constitution of the state contribute of the state cont

pronounced its judgment final, and ignored the right of the Supreme Court of the United States, on appeal, to review its decision; and this in define of the Constitution of the United States and the acts of Congress in apressance thereof.

All this was when the enautments and administration of the National Government were distasteful to them.

When the administration and enactments of the National Government were likely to become distasteful and injurious to the Southern States, instead of seeking the legal and peaceful fornms of the Constitution, they asserted likewise a State officer, as such, any duty whatsured the control and disable lim from the Linited States; and such time, and disable lim from such citizens of every race and color, and the United States in the Executive of the State; nor is there any clause or provision in the Constitutions, this power. Indeed, was mendment as is manifest from its provisions.

The amendment as is manifest from its provisions.

State of its uternal dominion of the constitution, has no power to impose on its always. The form it provisions and for which treation of its internal concerns and result of the constitution, has no power to impose on its always.

State officer, as such, any duty whatever in the constitution, has no power to impose on its provisions, and for which treation of its internal concerns and result in th that the Federal Government, under the Constitution, has no power to impose on a State officer, as such, any duty whatever, and compet him to perform it, for if it possessed this power, it might overload the officer with duties which would fill up his time, and disable him from performing his obligations to the State, and might impose on him duties of a character incompatble with the rank and dignity to which he was elevated by the State. shall have the same right in every State and Territory in the United States to make and enforce contracts, to me and be such, be parties, give evidence, to in-herit, purchase, lease, sell, hold, and con-The Court proceeds to say, "that Congress may authorize a particular State offices to perform a particular duty; but if he seclines to do so, it does not follow that he may be coerced or punished for his refusal." he serlines to do so, it does not follow that he may be corred or panished for his refusal."

And "that in the early days of the Government, Congress relied with confidence nyon the co-operation and support of the States, when exercising the legitimate powers of the general government, and were accustomed to receive it upon principles of comitre and force in the service of the second force in the contrary notwithstand-

said amendment as is the right to regulate the competency of witnesses. If Congress can declare the competency of witnesses.

siples of camity, and from a sense of ma-tual and common interest, where no such duty was imposed by the Constitution, and laws were passed authorizing State ing."
This embraces everyone born in the United States, except subjects of foreign powers and the nntaxed Indians, whether Courts to entertain jurisdiction in pro-ceedings by the United States, and these powers were exercised for some years by State tribunals, until some of the States lave or free, Mexican, Algerine, China man, Japanese, Dahomean, Goth, Van-dal, or Turtar, Turk, Payan, Mahomme-dan, or Christian, and gives them all the civil rights of the actual native-born cit declined because it retarded and interfered with duties which properly belonged to
them, as State Courts, and in others
doubts appear to have arisen as to the
power of the Courts, acting under authority of the States, to inflict there penalties
for offenses against the general government unless specially authorized to desp zen of the States, whether of the absolute zea of the States, whether of the absolnte class, embracing life, liberty, locomotion, and property, and character, or of the relative class, involving the relations of parent and child, hasband and wife, guardian and ward, and master and servant, with a right to testify, independent of religious faith or education or nudarstanding. ment, unless specially authorized to do so

And finally they determined that "if the Governor of Ohio refused to discharge his duty, there is no power delegated to the Thus with one fell swoop invading the vereignty of the States and regulating eir domestic and internal concerns, and Government, either through the f it can do this, no subject is perceived compel him." And thus stood tho relaoon which it may not regulate tor the veral States, and thus the people of Ken-cky must be legislated for by the people tucky must be legislated for by the people of Massachusetts, in matters in which they can have no direct information or presumed interest, and vice versa. So that the yeople of each State, instead of being left free to regulate their own domestic concerns, will have them regulated by the representatives of the other Sixtes, and, therefore, as the representatives of the other the representatives of each the context of the other states must greatly output the representatives of each the s expounded by the chosen agent and fi-al tribunal and arbiter of the Nation and We come now to examine what has ince been done to enlarge these powers f the National Government and to give it number the representatives of even the largest State, no State will longer have the exclusive right to legislate for herself wise controlling their proceedings.

Since then there has been but one amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and which is known as article 13, and is as follows:

Sec. I. Neither statery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for sec. I. Neither slacery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to

their jurisdiction.

Sec. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislations of the same of the construction put upon it by a series of unbroken adjudications of the same of the sa the snpreme and final arbiter appointed by its own provisions.

It will be observed that the language of the second section of this amendm egislation' is not near so as is the language of the 18th sub-division of sec. 8, art. 1 U. S. Constitution, which follows the enumeration of the powers of Congress specified in the preceding sub-divisions, and declares that the Conder cousideration by Congress, yet I will quote from its most distinguished advo-cate in the United States Senate. Mr. Sum-

gress shall have power "to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers cested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or any officer or depart-ment thereof. Yet this has been un-formly construed by the Supreme Conrt of the United States to confer no new of the United States to conter no new proposition to prohibit slavery of constitutional amendment; and here I proposed to be indulged for a moment as to be form it should take."

The committee had then reported it in the exact language of the amendment as the now stands.

Mr. Snmner then suggested the following more, of course this second section of the amendment must be a mercentage of the states to conter no new power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the construction and such as were necessarily implied therein, and nothing more, of course this second section of the amendment must be a mercentage of the United States to conter no new power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government, or Congress, but simply to declare the legislative power upon the Government of the congress and the congress and the congress and the congress and the con ond section of the amendment must have the same construction. Its whole meaning then is that Congress has the legislative authority to abolish slavery, nothing more. Then seeing a total want preper to carry this declaration into effect everywhere within the United States and the jurisdiction thereof." It did not require the rowers are required to the same construction. Its whole meaning then is that Congress has the legislative authority to abolish slavery, nothing more. Then seeing a total want of constitutional authority in Congress to enact such laws for the regulation of the domestic concerns of the States, or to constitutions. proper to carry this declaration into effect everywhere within the United States and the jurisdiction thereof. It did not require the powers of Mr. Sumner to show how much more comprehensive, and how much more power would be delegated by a declaration that all men were equal before the law, and that Congress should have power to carry it into effect, than the simple, significant declaration that slavery should no longer exist, and Congress should have the right to enforce this provision by appropriate legislation. The manifestation against Mr. Sumner's substitute was so decided

decided testify was in violation of the laws of Ken-tauggest tucky, which are not repealed or modi-reported field by the Civil Rights bill, and, indeed, cannot be by any act of Congress.

the court not to admit said Gardner to testify on another trial, should the defendant object thereto, and for these reasons I concur with the majority in a reversal.

He conceded that this was the identical proposition pending, as reported by the committee, but only a change in pharasetology. He said, "this is simple and avoids all language which is open to question. The word slavery is explicit and describes precisely what it is proposed to think!"

One of the telegraph companies has devised a plan for encouraging the transfer of a part of its day business to the night. Messages will therefore be received during the day for transmission during the following night, at a reduction, charging for twenty words or less the usual contents. describes precisely what it is proposed to blast."

His objection was to the exception in the ameudment, as reported by the committee, as he said that might be construed to authorize a selling into slaverg as a punishment for crime.

Its advocates proposed to do nothing more than to abolish slavery by constitutional amendment, and then to secure this beyond peradventure to confer npon Congress the power to consummate this by appropriate legislation. What is it that may be enforced by appropriate legislation? The abolishment of slavery. When that is done, the full power conferred is exhausted.

Its most ardent advocates, then, did not dream of claiming by virtue thereof the right of Congress by enactment to invade and to cut down the rates one-half would more than double the business. The rule should be to keep the wires need to their full capacity, and but for the expense on a many bnsiness men would gladly of the mails. Lower rates, by allowing fuller expression, would obviate somewhat the present risks of intelligibility in telegrams, which is greatly increased by the careless manner of writing out dispatches as received, very little attention being paid to capitals and pnnothation, whereas the presence of a comma or its position is the presence of a comma or its position often all important in determining the meaning. The printing telegraphic machine often works badly. A gentlema of this city lately received a printed dispatch which, by reason of an imperfect type by which the letter G did not show the cross-bar, but looked like a C. was read: "Send Crapes," while it should have been, "Send Grapes." The mistake was in only one letter, but it nearly entailed serions inconvenience and loss npon the receiver.—N. Y. Gazette.

four editors and reporters have been ar-rested by the New York police on various

NUMBER 168.

GENERAL NEWS

The Cleveland (East Tennessee) Banner, of the 6th, says that the wheat crop thus far in the season, in that section, has thus far in the season, in that section, has not been injured by the rust, and the prospect for a heavy crop has never been equalled in this country. Many feeds are now ripening, and in the coarse of ten days will be ready for harvesting. The season continue has for the corn cropnot being too wet or too dry. The grass crop is good. The oat crop will be short, owing to the lat pess of the season when sown. All other crops promise well. sown. All other crops promise well.

An animated discussion is now going An animated discussion is now going on among the press of Alabama in relation to the legality of the State currency, as anthorized by the Legislature. The Mail contends that the bills are, or will be, worthless. Judge Rice, who is a very able lawyer, has given a written opinion sustaining the legality of the act.

The Oil City Petrolean gives a detail of the daily production of oil at the various wells in that region—embracing those of Tidionte. Cherry Run. Pithole, Oil City, Bennehoff, Petroleum Center, Foster, Steel, and Rynd Farms, and others, which

Steel, and Rynd Farms, and others, which

A young gentleman who has been acting as clerk to the State Auditor of Rhede Island, and who has contrived to apport a wife and a mistress, besides contributing liberally to the exchequer of a gambling house and a livery stable, on the very moderate salary of five dollars a week, has getten into trouble about a paltry forgery or two, amounting to about \$13,000. ar An Ohio paper tells a novel love story.

A young couple planned an elopement, the girl descending from her room upon the traditional ladder, but at the gate they were met by the father of the girl and a minister, by whom the young couple were esserted to the parlor, where, to their surprise, they found all their relatives collected to witness the marriage ceremonies, which took place at once it were retained.

which took place at once. It was a pater Among the curiosities at a Catholic fair in Union Square, New York, are a piece of the wood of the codin in which Wash-

of the wood of the coffin in which Wash-ington's body reposed for thirty years, and a ring over one hundred years old, made from the ferule of his cane. A piece of the silk dress worn by Martha Washington, presented to the fair by Mrs. Robert Mintarn, is also on exhibition. The articles are for sale to the highest hidder. The Thibodaux Sentinel furnishes the pleasing intelligence that the flood on-either side of the Lafourche is rapidly sub-aiding, and planting has begun. The fall, on the 1st inst, was already three feet be-low high water mark.

A planter of Assumption has just re-ceived twelve coolies, and is expecting in a few days to receive thirty-eight more. pearance of the country. So many of the freedmen have left off working on planta-tions, that the number of laborers is en-tirely too small for the amount of work to

from above report that as far west as the Nation the rains have been unusually heavy, and that the river above is rising rapidly. As this is about the time to look for the June rise, fears are entertained that we may have an overflow, which would indeed be a terrible disaster to our forming threatened apparts.

The number of acres of land sold by the Hannibal and St. Joseph Ruilroad Company for the year 1866, was 62,544, prices ranging at about nine dollars per acre, and amounting in the aggregate, to the sum of \$550,340. The company has sold four times the quantity of land with-in the last three years, than was disposed of in the prior seven years. About 400,-000 acres remain unsold.

INHUMANITY-IN INDIANA. A LOUISVILLE GIRL TEN YEARS OF AGE.
TORTURED ALMOST TO DEATH.

The trial of the State vs. Sarah Craw-ford, for assault and battery and savage treatment of a little child named Mary Hogan, was concluded in the Common Pleas Conrt yesterday, and this morning the jnry returned a verdict of guilty against the woman, assessing her purish ment at thirty days confinement in the county jail and a fine of five hundred

dollars.

The details of this case show a degree of cruelty practiced by this woman Crawford upon her child-victim which has few parallels in the criminal records of this country. The child, Mary Hogan, ten years old, was taken by Mrs. Crawford from one of the Asylums at Louisville, those having her in charge suppraging the

years old, was taken by Mrs. Crawford from one of the Asylums at Louisville, those having her in charge supposing she would receive kind treatment and find a good home. The child is an orphan. She has a mild-looking, gentle face, somewhat disfigured with the marks of the torture she has undergone, but otherwise bearing an innocent, sweet expression.

It appears that almost immediately after taking the child to her home, Mrs. Crawford commenced a system of the most savage torture upon the little one, and this she kept up for a long time. The child was subjected to the severest and most cruel bearings on the slightest provecation, but more frequently without any provocation at all, and simply, it would seem, to gratify the demoniac feelings of the woman. These beatings, were often repeated, and added to them were other crucities too shocking for belief. The child was often put out of the house during the intense cold of last winter, and compelled to stand barefoot upon the snow and ice until her little feet were dreadfully frozen.

This kind of harbarity was practical.

the neighbors as late as milnight, while she stood in the open ar, terrified, as a child wouldbe, by the darkness, and suffer-ing the keen, pinching cold of the wintry

Horrible as this may appear, it is not be climax of the criefly practiced by the the fiend Crawford upon the orphan child. The body of the child, its abdomen, and the more private partions of her person, bore marks of dreadful burns, inflicted by the woman with a h t poker. These burns ere upon the inside of the thighs, npor the back, upon the neck and cheeks, and other parts of the body.

The arms were a mass of brnises—the thesh beaten almost to jelly, and, we be-lieve, one of the arms fractured. We do not believe that the Indians, in all their refinement of cruelty, ever equalled in barbarism this woman Crawford. The letails are shocking beyond description About eighteen months ago, a West

Tennessee negro, named Henry James, found in hollow log, near Dyersburg, a bag of gold, amounting to twenty-nine hundred dollars. Afterwards he made his appearance in New Orleans, as an employe of La Vic, the fashionable barber of Canal street. The following adversement, which appears in the issue of Galignani's Messenger, for May the 17th, will throw some light on his present ATTENTION AMERICANS.

United States) has the honor to announce that he has opened an American bar, at No. 37, Hne Castigliono, near the Place Vandome, where he will furnish Mixed Drinks, including Bourbon and Robertson county cocktails, Mint Julips, etcetera, on the Kentucky and Tennessee plan. Mr. James offers the following references: Geo. N. Sanders, Hon. J. P. Benjamin, Mr. Wigfall, of Texas. Col. Hiram Fuller, Hon. John Sildell, Richard M. Tabot. nited States) has the honor to announce Small parties served to order.

Mr. Henry James, (late of New Orleans,

According to available statistics there are about 30,000 blind people in Great Britain, Taken in large divisions, in England and Wales, the ratio of bline to the rest of the population is 1 in 1,037, in Scotland, 1 in 1,086; it Ireland, 1 in 94%, and the Channel Liand to in 194%, and the Channel Island 1 in 728. R Bishop Buckley, the minstrel, died

ALE. ALE AND CRACKER DEPOT- 17 Four

AGRICULTURAL ONDI RANT & TODD - Manufacturers of Agricultural Implement and Cement, Whole-Paclers in Field and Garden Seeds, Lime, ster, White Sand, Scales, Pumpa, &c., Main seet, between Third and Fourits. H EWETT MARDY & CO.—Dealers in Seed and Agricultural Implementa, 112 West Mail street, between Third and Fourth.

ARMS AND AMMUNITION OLF & DURRINGER-Dealers in At

RABLET & CLEBERT Publishers, Book mellern, Stationern, Book and Job Frintern, and mainstrucers of Blank Books, Paper and Bonnier of Bank Books, Paper and Bonnier of Printing, C. T.-Books, Stationery, and Job Printing, No. 33 Third street, between Marke

ORTON, JOHN P. & Co. - Publisher Brokes em Stationers, Book and Job Prin BUMP. F. A.-Bookseller and Statio No. RANK MADDEN - Card Engraving E VIBON. PREINNEY, BLANEMAN, & CO., Publisher of the American Educational Series feshool and College Text Books, M. R. BAR-ABD, General Agens, corner Third and Green treets, Louisville, Ky.

Wholesale Dealer in Brooms, 137 Wainut st. BOOTS AND SHOES. DECKER, CHRIST.-Boot and Shoemaker D. No. 126 Green st., bet. Pourth and Fifth. TU Sabil. F. Leather and Shoe Findings, No. 217 dime BUSINESS COLLEGES. BOYD'S LOUISVILLE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE-A National Business College, N.E. Drner Jefferson and Third sta.

CARRIAGES PYBEY, W. F.—Carriage and Buggy Manu Statuter—repairing done in the best manner—Jefferson st., bet. Bixth and Seventh. MeQUILLAN, Carriage Maker, 99 Third street. Prompt attention paid to repairs. PROLLE & MANDEVILLE-Fine Clothing

DETANT, STRATTON & CARSON'S Bus D Incom College, S. W. cor. Third and Jefferson.

Main at., bet. Third and Fourth. CIGARS.

MCGILL A. B.—Importer of and Dealer is Green St. Cigars. Tobacco. Sunff. Pipes. &c., 118 Green St. bet. Third and Fourith, adjoining the Theater.

COAL ENNEBY & IEWIN-Coal Dealers, No. 1025 Third st., bet. Market and Josserson.

LERSTEAD & O'CONNOR-Dealers in Pitte-burg and Pomeroy Ocal, Offices-west aide of Phird, two doors nouth of Market st., and S. W. orner Brook and Market sts. H cames, N. W. - Wholesale and Retail Deal or in Putaburg and other Coals, 49 Fourth st. James, James & Co., successors to Past James, & Co., dealers in Pittaburg, Youghto-eny, and other coal Office No. & Sixth street, ween Market and Jefferson. COMMISSION.

ARDNER & CO. - Wholesale Grocers and

DINEBECT, D. S. & NONE-Grocers and Com-mission Merchants, No. 111 Main st., bet Third COPER, ARNER-Produce Commission M. DORN. BARMMOUNE & CO.-Com. Merch ante and U. S. Bonded Warehouse, 187 W. Mais MEER, CUNINGHAM & Co.-Wholesals Grocers and Commission Merchants, 8 West FWEERRY, GEO, C,-Commission Mer-chant and Wisolessie Produce and Grain Desi-r, Nos. 20 and qi Wall street. DRUGS.

WILDER, F. & CO.- Wholesale Druggista Proprietors of Wilder's Pamous Stomack WILDER, J. R. & CO.-Wholesale Druggiste No. 156 Main St., bet. Pifth and Sixth. MIRAY, N. H. Steamboat Drug Store, No. DRY GOODS.

ARRES N. & CO.-Wholesale and CINNELLA & Menti ANE-Dealers in Dry Design No. JOHN M. & CO.—Wholevale A Design in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, No. 1008, &C., 105 West Main street. ENGRAVING.

BENAN & BRO, Lithograph, Engraving HART & MAPOTHER-All kinds of Printing, Lithographing, and Engraving-8. E. co. Third and Market sta FURNITURE.

THE LOT INVELLE FURNITURE MANUAL FACTURES MANUAL FACTURES OF STREET ALL Kinds of Furniture manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail, at the lowest Western prices. Fourth st., bet. Main and Market.

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FANF. M. & BRO. - Wholesale grocers as HEBRITT & SON -Wholesale and Retail Gro HATS-FURNISH'G GOODS GREEN & GREEN-Hata, Form and Furnish-lang Goode-corner Main and Fourth ata., Lon-taytile: 42 College street, Nashville.

HOSIERY AND YARNS. W COD, J. C.-Manufacturer and Dealer Hostery and Yarns, No. 16 East Market st. HARDWARE. M CRRIDE, A.-Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hardware, Na. 75 Third st.

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RZ. F. W.—Louisville Architectural y and Ornamental Iron Works, Gre cond and Third. LIQUORS. NTHONY, JACOB - Dealer in pure Fo and Immestic Liquors, pure Apple and negar Nn. 2 Fourth st., bet. Main and Wr W'ALKER. W. H. & CO.-U. S. Bonded Ware bouse-Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealers Proprietors of Walker's Tonic Bitters, 60 W. Main at ROPPER, PATION, & CO. U. S. Bonder, Warehouse, Wholesale Dealers in Whiskley, Warehouse, W. S. Tebarco, No. 21 Fourth

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LOCKSMITHS. and lealer in Buildem' Hardware, let Green a MATHEMATICAL.

INCERE, E. No. 122 Main etreet under Na-tional Hotel, Speciacles Optioni and Mathemat-al Instruments. MUSIC. PRIPP, LOUIN-Dealer in Plano-Fortes, Cab net Organa, and Musical Merchand se, Nos. i ad bi Jefferson st., bet. Third and Fourth.

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Ballo Bros. - Wholesale Millinery Goods and Dress Trimmings. corner Main and Sixth. PLANING MILLS. BOWN, J.DIXON, & CO.-Ployd st. Planin Mill, Floyd st., bet. Main and the river E RY, B. R. & CO.-Planing Mill, 5c Preston st., below Main. PLOWS.

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TIN AND SHEET IRON. OIRLIER, AL.—Mannfacturer and Whole age Bealer in Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware, Stoves, Grates, and Castings, No.246 Main st BTHGOW, J. S. & CO. Northwest corner
Main and Third streets, Mannfacturers
oves, Castings, Tip. Copper and Sheet-Iron Wal ANE, DAYID-sheet-iron Wurker, 478 and 47. Main street, north side, bet. Twelfth and Thir WOOLEN MILLS. HOPE WOOLEN MILLS J. W. STINE & CO., Mannfacturers of Jeans, Tweeds. Sallets, &c., corner of Jefferson and Campbell sts.

DOGERN, A. G. & NON-House Furnishing Emporum, No. 146 south side Market st., bet Fourth and Fifth. GAY'S CHINA PALACE- No. 8 Masould WATCHES AND JEWELRY. ENDRICK, WM.-No. 77 Third st., Dealer II Warches, Jewelry, and Silver-Ware; also Ma

WOLF & DURRINGER - Dealers in Watch and Jewelry, corner Fifth and Market ata. SAW-MILL&LUMBER-YARD BER YARD-Manufactures and

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 3 A. M.

sderson, Wednesday, June 28th, fiscab, Saturday, June 18th, adville, Monday, June 10th, attor, Tuesday, June 11th, Ekman, Wednesday, June 12th, yfield, Tharriday, June 12th, yfield, Tharriday, June 18th, stay, Friday, June 18th, attor, Saturday, June 18th, attor, Starday, June 18th, ithiand, Wednesday, June 18th, ithiand, Wednesday, June 18th, pkinsytlie, Saturday, June 22th, thou, Monday, June 28th, seelly life, Friday, Jane 28th, and 18th, Friday, June 28th, assellville, Tuesday, June 28th, based lytile, Based lytile, Based lytile, Based lytile, Based lytile, Based lytile, Ba

The New York Herald has lately smissed a large number of employes from its editorial rooms. Some forty men were dismissed in all. This great reduction in force is owing to the extreme dufiness of business. Although the Herald is the richest paper in the world, ex-

cepting perhaps the London Times, and

eceives the most exorbitant prices for ad-

ertisements, it cannot stand the pressnre,

and is compelled to reduce expenses.

Publishing a newspaper is an expensive iness. Both subscriptions and adverisements are necessary to support a paper. The price of subscription is kept so low-very little beyond the cost of the white paper-that without an extensive advertising patronage no paper can live. In Enrope, paper costs less than it does ere, waile the price of subscription is so much higher that it alone will amply compensate the publisher for his outlay. But the result is that the poor man is not able to subscribe for and own his own paper He must pay his penny at some coffeehouse for the poor privilege of reading for a short time the paper on file. The poor man in this country cannot be so poor that he cannot afford the petty sum ecessary to pay for and have a paper of his own. And in that paper he finds news from every part of the world. He finds ten times as much telegraphic news as is to be found in any English paper, and just as reliable. If there is any news of importance from any part of the world, he is sure to get it in his morning paper. If the Great Mogul gets up a fight with bors, the morning paper will tell all

and expense it has all cost? Do you ever | Shy distanced. think of the care, the intellectual labor. the anxiety, which for a mere trifle, you purchase for your own use? Then you cannot but have some charity for the overworked and nuderpaid printer.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.-In the Jefferson Circuit Court on yesterday, the 7th instant, the death of R. H. Crochrell, Esq., a member of the Louisville Bar, was snggested by Gen. W. L. Jackson, and, on his motion as an attorney and officer of the court, the following order was entered.

The court learns with deep regret the sudden dules of R. H. Occhreil, Leg., anable and useful of over of this court, who, in bis demineant as an aroney and as a gentiuman, endeared himself sil, and deeply aympathibing with his bereave, and with a sudden and a sudden of respect, and order to attend his funeral, this court will adjourted to attend his funeral, this court will adjour Monday morning at 0 o'clock, and 'order his order be communicated by the clerk to

A meeting of the bar will be held in the Conrt-room this morning at 11 o'clock for the purpose of passing resolutions in reference to the death of Mr. Cochrell.

LOST CHILD. - Ann McCune, a little girl ten years old, who lives on Brook street, next to the Brook street Church, was sent to the well last Monday by her mother, and has not been heard from since. The ncket which she took was found hanging on the pump full of water. Her widowed mother is very much distressed about the loss of her little one, and any information as to her whereabouts would be gratefully received. The child had on when she left a dark calico dress, and was barefooted and bare-headed.

PROTECTION TO THE BRUTES. - The fairly, the horses were let out for another iends of humanity will be pleased to heat. Nothing could equal the uneasilearn that a preliminary meeting is to be ness depicted upon the faces of the mulheld in the Conneil Chamber, this evening at 8 o'clock, with a view to organize this heat. At the start Phoenix Belle led, an association, having for its purpose the | Mattingly second, and the others abreast prevention of crnelty to animals. We | On approaching the quarter-pole Nick incerely trust that a large number of onr kind-hearted citizens will be present, and the front, the balance following closely begin the work of frowning down this astern. The run to the half-mile-post was evil, which we regret to say is disgracefully prevalent in our city.

The Fair and Strawberry Festival t l'ortland last night, for the benefit of the Methodist Episcopal Church in that place, was quite a success. It will be repeated to-night, and there will also be a matinee this afternoon at 2 o'clock to give the little ones a chance for some fun.

grappled with Nick for the next quarter, THE CHURCH TRIAL IN THE UNITED Patrician the Belle, and Mattingly imita-TATES COURT.-The case of the United ting the example. At the half-mile post States vs. W. T. Church, the spiritualist Fannie went ahead, Patrician and Nick who was indicted in the United States hugging each other, Mattingly next, and District Court for juggling without license, the Belle last. In this order they disapis set for trial on the I4th inst. peared around the knoll; but when they

LUNATICS.-Catherine Broderick and Etheline Smith were adjudged to be lunaand the Belle embraced, and Fannie contics yesterday morning by a jury. Judge siderably to the rear. Thus they swept Craig ordered Officer M. Shelley to coninto the home stretch. Now came the vey them to Hopkinsville. tog of war again. Patrician, taking ad-THE BLACK CROOK LITIGATION. -- In the vantage of the exhansting tilt between

United States Court yesterday the great Black Crook case was put on trial, the go by and ran home in 1:533, taking the evidence heard in part, and the case continned till to-day. The Horticultural Exhibition at

Masonic Temple, at 10 o'clock this morn-

WOODLAWN RACES.

FIFTH DAY VAST ASSEMBLAGE OF PEO-PLE-THE GREATEST RACE OF THE WEEK-GOOD THE AND A CLOSE HUN-THE FAVORITE AGAIN VANOUSHED PATHOLAN, WINNER-HAT, ALLEN THE

The weather yesterday, although quite varm, was not inauspicious for the sport t Woodlawn. A large crowd of persons, aclading many ladics, went out to see he fnn. The racing each day has been negnalled in all the points of interest ataching to a spring meeting; but in the wo-mile heat contest yesterday the measre, both of human and equine excitenent, was filled to the brim. Without exeption, the race was the most extraordinary ever run over the Woodlawn Course, and it probably never had a parallel in the history of any other course. The secoud race-a dash of one mile and a halfexcited little interest outside of the betting fraternity. It was an affair of no articular credit to either horse engaged. Nevertheless, it furnished a "forlorn hope" to the losers in the first race. They eagerly embraced the advantage, and nade up numerous large pools, which en-thronghout. He made the second mile in abled them to hedge out pretty safely. FIRST RACE.

il. Judge stake, for three-year heats, for entrance, play or pay add class and the Association \$ 80. This was competed for by Harper's Highly, Bissick's Patrician, Mattingly's gray colt. Grigsby's Phoenix Belle. Shy's chestnut filly, Clay's Nick Morgan, and Moore's Fannie Cheatham-as fine a group of three-year olds as ever congregated pon a race-track. In the pools and side propositions Fannic Cheatham was the favorite by great odds, Nick Morgan second, Phoenix Belle third, Patrician tonrth. Highly fifth, and Shy and Mattingly about even. The friends of Fannie Cheatham were stronger in numbers than all the rest combined. She being a full sister to the renowned Harry of the West, and having performed well in her two and three-year old forms, confidence in her was unbounded. But as in every instance. save two, this week, the horoscope of the "knowing ones" was castawry, and they were wofully deceived in the location of their "star." The continued failure of put in a few swift bounds and won the the prophets during the present meeting will eventuate in a complete weeding out of that class of turfites. We need no plainer reason for the fair and honorable characer of the Woodlawn races than is afforded by the total defeat of the "oracular pow-

ers." They are rather insignificant numerically, but they manage to gain hundreds of proselytes from the ranks of the crednlous and nawary. The fall of these wonderfully-gifted seers is a consummation devoutly to be wished. As the quadrupeds assembled in the quarter-stretch. the enthusiasm of the crowd commenced in a general and sincere degree that bespoke the grandest culmination ever witnessed at Woodlawn. The horses looked fresh and gay. There was no trouble in getting them off for the First Heat-Patrician was slightly

ahead, Phonix Belle next, Fannie Cheat ham third, and the others flocking together, until the quarter pole was passed. Shy ran up to the half-mile post first, Fannie second, Phoenix Belle third, Nick Morgan and the others following up in close order. The strife between all the horses at this point was lively in the extreme, As they peered through the grove on the back stretch, Phonix Belle led, Fannie hard by, and the others struggling on a respectful distances. They flitted by the mile post in 1:50. Fannie ahead. Phonix Belle and Shy locked, Nick Morgan fourth, Patrician fifth, Highly and Mattingly last, Before making the quarter-post Nick Morgan lapped and moved ahead of Shy, and at the half-mile post all united and so ran to the three-quarter post. After his subjects or a quarrel with his neighturning into the home-stretch, a desperate contest began and never abated until the flag was displayed. Phonix Belle came Reader, when you pick up a paper and in first in 1:512, gaining the heat in 3:412 Wiel- Morge news, do you ever reflect how much time | Mattingly in the order named, Highly and

Second Heat-Fannie's backers were not in the least discouraged by the result of the first heat; or if they were apprehensive they didn't manifest it. She re mained as favorite in the pools, but Phonix Belle increased in reputation with betters. Moore also stood quite high in popular favor. The start on this heat was easily made. Going under the string Mattingly was foremost, Phoenix Belle second, Nick Morgan third, l'atrician fourth, and Fannie in the rear. There was no swerving from this position until beyond the half mile post, Fannie brushed towards the front. She was soon overtaken by Phonix Belle, Mattingly, and Nick Morcan, all three of whom passed her, and as they came from behind the trees the situation was about the same But, as in the previous heat, the homestretch was contended for with mighty efforts by all of the horses. They came down the stretch like a whirlwind, Nick Morgan passing under the string first in 1:50%, and leading on to the end of the next mile in 1:533, winning the heat by a length in 3.441. Fannie came in second,

Patrician fourth, and Mattingly last. Third Heat-It is almost needless to remark that the enigmatical situation produced much squirming among the over-sanguine supporters of the favorite. Indeed there was no favorite now. The wisest of the horse Solomons were at sea. Their quandary admitted of no satisfacory solution. Coming to the mark titude as the coursers bounded along for Morgan and Fannie coupled and took highly spirited, Patrician and Phonix Belle closing in upon Nick and Fannie. Out of the wood they came, Nick and Patrician together, Fannie Third, Pharnix for the coming month is unusually good. Belle and Mattingly behind. Turning The engravings, receipes, music, poetry, into the home stretch, another struggle ensued, and they passed the mile-post in

1:501-Nick first, Fannie next, and

their competitors close after. Fannie

bounding immediately after, Mattingly

Nick, Fannie and the Belle, gave them the

Fourth Heat .- Fannie and Mattingly

not having won one heat ont of three

A BLACK WOMAN, A REDMAN, AND A

O'Connelly, and Dan Broderich were all of 75. This is not in any way creditable imprisoned at the First-street Stationwere raied off, according to the turf regu- house last night on charges of drnnkenlations. What a fall was there for the ness and disorderly conduct.

faithful believers in Fannie's everlasting BLIND PUPILS' EXHIBITION. - The exhispeed and bottom! The muddle was now bition of the Athenan Society of the more complicated than ever. Patrician, Kentucky Institute for the Blind, at the Phonix Belle, and Nick Morgan were the Masonic Temple last night, was a decided ontestants. No one was blessed with success. A large and intelligent andience the ken necessary to a safe discrimina- attested their appreciation of the excelion between the horses. Conjecture was | leuce of the entertainment by frequent rife, to he sure, and the pool auctioneer applause. There were many present, no was busily employed by the anxious doubt, who feel and have felt a great incrowd. Patrician, who had sold for two terest in the institution, and who, on acand three dollars in three hundred dollar | count of recent charges against its manpools, suddenly rose from the bottom and agement, were desirons of witnessing an stood at a premium height. However, the examination of its pupils. These, we ool-bidding between the friends of the feel assured, were fully satisfied that the three horses was contested as warmly as proficiency and training of the scholars, the three heats had been. A fine start in all the exercises given last night, were was had for this exciting heat. Phornix ample proof of the excellence and ability Belle took the lead, Nick and Patrician of the teachers and their system of instrucfollowing, as far as the first quarter when | tion, in which, of course, the able superin-Patrician dashed ahead to the half-mile tendent descrycs the highest credit. post. Here Nick came alongside, and the the programme we cannot speak too highly, The music, both vocal and instrumental Belle was left to herself. In this position they ran the first mile in 1:54. As they was such as we never expected to hear renflashed by the judges' stand, Patrician, whose instinct seemed to have taught him that his hour of victory had come, leaped to the front and held it unvaryingly 1.56, and won the heat and race in 3:50,

1 3 5 dis. y Giencoe. I 25 dis.
in Mattingly's gr. c., 3 years old, by
innter's Lexington, dam by Chorister. 5 5 4 f. o.
in Harper's gr. g. Highly, 3 years old,
y Wagner, Jr., dam Helen Swigert, by served particular notice. The proficiency exhibited by the pupils

Mat Allen and Shiloh were entered for when Allen pressed on to the lead, and held it to the first-mile post. Shiloh thea ercises were proportionately good. lapped him. In this position they ran Mr. Patten may well feel proud of the

nearly to the end of the distance. Allen which he occupies.

THE RACES TO DAY. The closing sport of the meeting, today, will he little less interesting than that of the preceding days. Three races are to be run, the character of which and the entries are stated below: HURDLE RACE. Two Miles over Eight Hardies.
F. Milton enters J. R. Whaley's h. h. "Deter," by Ruric, 6 years old; dress, fancy; 145 iexander, b. f. "Zara," 4 years old, by Lexing-ou, dam Zena, by Zenitb; 140 lbs.; dress, blue

-R. A. Alexander, b. h. "Red Bird," by Lexing-ton, dam Saille Polk, by Ambassador, 6 years old; 145 lbs. SECOND BACE. Jockey Club Purse, 490-14; miles. All ages.

-W. E. Milton enters Waddles's and Keys's br. h.
"Mat Allen," by Jitg Boston, dam Mode by Imp.
-J. Hayer enters ch. g. "Rep."; y. o., by Caudad Wagner, dam Gleuce: dress, grange,

CONSOLATION STAKE. irise \$2.0; for beaten borses; mile heats. Horses beaten once allowed? pounds; those beaten three limes allowed if pounds; the limes allowed in the

Fr. Fissick's c. e Patrician, 3 years old, by Hawstin, by Am. Eclipse. John M. Clay's b. c. Nick Morgan, 277-John M. Tray's b. c. Nick Morgan, 277-10 of the Patrician Hally, by Trus-tee.

Moore's h. f. Fannie Cheatham, I ra old, by Levington, dam Laura, imported Leviathan. Grigsby's ch. f. Phomis Belle, Tyra, hy Australian, dsm Dolly Carter,

Shy's c. f., 8 yaars old, by Uncle am Laura Bruce, by Star Davia... dis.

dash in 2:49.

J. L. Ficklin enters Keys & Waddle'ab, h. Mat Allen, 6 years old, by Big Boston, dam Mode, by Imp. Ouns. Value, 89st. Dress, fancy.

W. F. Milton enters H. Van Lew's b.g. shiloh, aged. by Inp. Sovereign, dam Saily Anderson, by Glencoe. Vaine, 898). Dress, red and scarlet.

Time-2:49.

oston, dam by cracker, a years on, vising ange.

R Vileya enters Grishy & West's b. f. Maggie ctarty, 4 years old, by Revenue, dam Miday, by Boston, dress green and red.

M Clay enters cb. c. Plautagenet, by Planet, am Rosa Bonbeur. Blue and hitte, ames Ford enters g. c. Tom Porter by Lighting, dam by Glencoe. Black'and black.

S. Ficklin enters B. Vaulew's br. c. by Bill (exander, dam Cricket, by Harry Binff 4 years) de. Fancy.

LYNCH LAW IN LINCOLN COUNTY .- Some our or five days ago a party of men at Crab Orchard undertook to lynch one James Bridgewater, but he succeeded in escaping from them. Thursday evening, about the time the cars arrived, Bridgewater rode into Crab Orchard, with about ten men, in search of one Birch who was d to be the leader of the ly But before they succeeded in finding him, Birch had concentrated his forces and made another attack on Bridgewater, who heing outnumbered had to beat a retreat, which he did very successfully.

JUVENILE BALL .- On pext Tuesday evening, at the Masonic Temple, a juvenile ball will be given by Mr. Wastell for the benefit of the Ladies' Southern Relief the 31st of May to the 7th of June 1867; Association. The President of this Association is daily in receipt of numerous letters from various portions of the South asking for bread. The charitably inclined can do no better than to purchase tickets, and thus donate something to a worthy cause, and secure to themselves an evening's amusement. Tickets can be purchased at Smith & McDowell's drug store. and at the music stores.

In Dade county, Georgia, they have already commenced barvesting, and Central Georgia, we learn from the Rome Courier, the prospect of a good wheat crop is unabated, and is, in fact, now almost certain. Nothing but a great storm or long continued rain can now injure it. Some is already barvested, and considerable more will be cut this week.

The same paper says that although the present price of wheat is from \$2 25 to \$3, yet the impression prevails that the new crop will open at only about \$2.

The Brooklyn (N. Y.) Union talks about Mr. McKee's "characteristic directness of expression." Where was the Dis-Hon. Sam's "characteristic directness of expression" when he was repeatedly asked during his canvass whether he would consent to accept at the hands of Congress Judge Young's seat in that body, if the latter should be elected and excluded? That bivalve, his mouth, couldn't have been opened for a reply to that question unless by an oyster knife.

PETERSON FOR JULY .- Before June, the month of roses, has reached the half-way point, the enterprising publishers are out with the magazines for July. Peterson and tales are severally good, and we doubt if there is a periodical now issued that can be taken with more impunity into the streets. home circle. Received from C. T. Dearing, 321 Third street.

GRAND LARCINY, -Silas Johnson, M. C. (that's what it is on the jail slate; we hope it don't mean member of Congress), was arrested by Officers McKinney and Clayton yesterday for stealing a watch reappeared Nick was in the lead, Patrician from Mr. Bland, a blacksmith. The watch was recovered.

> WHITE OFFICER.-Mary Wells, a negro woman, was arrested by Officer White for stealing eleven dollars from Mary Redman yesterday. She was committed to D. AND D. C .- W. L. Lncas, Martin

dered by those whose orbs have been touched with darkness, consisting as it did of the most brilliant and difficult selections from the different operas We were, particularly pleased with the singing of Miss Mary Costello and Miss Julia Purnell, and the brilliant and perfect execution of the various instrumental pieces at the hands of Miss Rhoda Mills, Miss Minnie Troendale, and Miss Jennie Dixon. The finished performance of Puritani, by Prof. Reeves, and the artistic rendition of Trovatore, by Miss E. W. Dyer, alike de-

famous problem in Euclid, the "pons assinorum" in geometry, solved by a new and beautiful theorem, differing entirely from the old one, by a little girl scemingly not more than fifteen years old. In the this race. It was contested with much exercises in Latin, the readers were made spirit. Shiloh was the favorite. At the to read at random in the first book of ability to "flax out" the field in this race start, Shiloh led to the three quarter post, Virgil's Anaed, and the translation was perfect in every instance. The other ex-

> reputation he enjoys as an able and experienced teacher and superintendent. The exhibition last night reflected still greater credit upon him, and gives further proof of his fitness for the position

A NICE LITTLE BY-PLAY. - We understand that the Columbus and Augusta Railroad, in conformity with their charter, intended, yesterday morning, to lay a crossing over the Sonth Carolina Railroad track. The officials of the latter company (as a suit is pending as to the validity of the charter of the former, infringing upon the vested rights of the latter,) have adopted a novel procedure to baile the efforts of the new company in laying down their crossing connection. Early yesterday morning they started an engine near the disputed point, and singular enough, it has been playing all day yesterday, but never out of sight of the aforeterday, but never out of sight of the aforesaid intended intersection. Both parties, we lcarn, are in earnest, and the result will be looked to with interest.

May 30th to June 7th, 1867: may outh to June (th. 1867):
F. Gowdy to L. F. Howdy, 100 acres of land in Jefferson county, Ky.
A. Gowdyo R. W. Hays, to acres of land in Jefferson county, Ky.
Jefferson county, Ky.
H. T. Williams to M. F. Pape, 40 feet by 174, southeast corner of Third and Walnut

Fullerton to W. D. Burch, 30 feet by 110, Chestuut street, between Sixth and Sev-Rohinsou to M. M. Fireen, 70 feet by 25, 60 thild cample its streets. 2,360 thild rie to John C. Hudy, 22% acres of laud efferson contry, Ky. 25% acres of laud efferson contry, Ky. 25% feet by 28°, 01 ond and St. Catharines streets. 3,775 Thibb to Wm. Springer, 250 feet by 180, Fourth street extended. 2,250 Hobbs to Brennan & Munn, 50 feet by 260 Ref. Valunt street. Habn to W. H. Wilkins, 100 feet by 200, 'hird street extended. h Mitchell to P. S. Brown, 2014 feet by 6, on Grayson streel. 1,550
n. Schnell to Kate Stonehouse, 35 feet by
75, on Portland avenue. 350
J. Schultou to Wm. McGrew, 24 feet by 150, in Grayson street. 1,850

MARRIAGE LICENSES.-The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Jefferson County Court from

31st of May to the 7th of June, 1867; him Malody to Bridger Mailer, parles J. Kallmann to Dortsche Meier, parles J. Kallmann to Dortsche Meier, in. Clare to Ellen McDouongh, in Charles I. Clare to Ellen McDouongh, in Cl

FEDERAL COURTS. -- In the United State Courts vesterday the following proceedings were had:

DISTRICT COPRT.
U. S. va. 201 bits whisky; jury sworp to try clair
James L. Hardin admitted to the har.
L. S. vs. W. T. Church; set for June 14th.
L. S. vs. W. T. Roy; W. A. Jones adjudged I

U. S. vs. P. F. Edwards; dismissed an payme f costs, \$21 53. Y. S. vs. J. W. Borders; orders forfeiting recogn ance set aside. Recognizance respited; sure John E. McDonough vs. J. R. Allen; heard part and continued.

JEFFERSON CIRCUIT COURT.-The following proceedings were had yesterday in th Circuit Court:

monwealth vs. Charles Brown; verdict a nonwealth vs. Fromhartz and Jones; for cliure set aside.
Commonwealth vs. Snyder and Stoll; continued to Snyler for defendant.
The cases of James Roberts and Sam Marshali ere dismissed with learn.
The cases of Deburah Hobbs and May Clark were The cases of Deburah Hobbs and May Clark were The cases of Deburah Hobbs. The case of Ellzaheth Waters put on trial; the dry being unable to agree the defendant was dis-barged.

CITY ITEMS.

FINE TOMATO CATSUP .- Three barrels of very fine Tomato Catsup will be sold at the Auction Rooms of S. P. Whaley & Co. this (Saturday) morning, at 10 o'clock. CARTES IMPERIALE. - The new style of

photograph for albums, taken at Stowe's

Gallery, corner of Fourth and Green

The attention of contractors called to the change in the advertisement of proposals for school building, on the corner of Center and Walnut streets.

KEDZIE'S WATER FILTERS (AGENCY).

All sizes of these splendid health essen tial articles at Rogers' House-furnishing Emporium, 146 south side Market street between Fourth and Fifth. OUR SANITARY CONDITION.-It is gratifying to note that the number of deaths during the month of May, this year, is only sixty-five per cent of the mortality

The number last month was only 111 against 216 during May, 1866-a decrease to the city authorities. The filthy condition of the city ought to have increased the deaths about one hundred per cent.

for the corresponding month of last year.

THE ROAD TO RUIN.

WTWO VOUNG GIRLS HAVE BEEN THAV ELING IT-ASAD STORY.

From the Cincinnati Commercial, 7th Two young girls, one of sixteen only nother butthree years her senior, daughers of respectable citizeus in comfortable ircumstances, are the unfortunate subcets of this sad story of departure from ome, from friends, from decency and rom virtue. The elder of these two victorials and the same of the set we will be the same of the same times of waywardness, Miss Louise, is the daughter of a preacher: the younger, an less experienced and confirmed rebrolate has always had a good home with he father, a man of business. The two girls tather, a man of businers. The two griss have not been long intimately associated, only for a few months past, we believe. The elder, a sprightly, well-educated and rather fascinating girl, has been longer under the bane of evil influences than her younger companion, had, in fact, been led astray before the two became well acquainted.

quainted.

The story told now, is that the younger girl, Mollie, was the most forward of a circle of young girls of good families, who are looked upon by young men of their acquaintance as unusually bold and wild in behavior, for girls of their age. The facts are these: On the 23d of May last in the absence of Louisa's father from the city, the two planned to excave from the city, the two planned to escape from their home, and enter a house of cvil fame! They arrived at this determination after much deliberation, for they had been talking of it, at times, for week The spirit of lewdness and wickedne seemed to have taken full possession them. They encouraged cach other in their conspiracy against their own wel-fare, by talking over repeatedly and mag-nifying to large porportions the petty grievances of their home life, until they and convinced themselves and each oth The proficiency exhibited by the pupils in their various studies was wonderful considering the difficulty under which they labor in their pursuit of knowledge.

We were surprised indeed to hear the famous problem in Euclid, the "poils (12-th poils (12understanding with a wealthy young mar and had confided to him their little plan for future happiness. When this youn gentleman studied over the affair in cool condition of mind he came to the conclusion that for his own safety he had the father of his daughters intention. He did this, and thus was the plan spoiled. The would-be runaways could not secure their clothing. However, they soon concluded to leave without their clothing, and in the course of two or three plays their bed-rooms were found vacant

when breakfast was annunced.

The elder girl had made arrangements that secured them admittance to several houses, in their efforts to avoid discover by their parents and the officers who were set upon their track. They went to sev-eral bad houses of the first class—on Sixth, Third and Sycamore streets; sleeping here and eating there, taking breakfast in one house, dinner in another and supper at a third—always moving, in their deter nined efforts to escape from all restraint They made a trip to Louisville, stopping at a notorious house conducted by Jennie Laws. While there, last Sunday, they received warning from one of their associates here, by telegraph, that detectives were going to Louisville and Indianapo-lis in search of them.

Ninth Street District police, commenced a new search night before last, and at about 4 o'clock of yesterday morning captured them. They took them immedi-ately to the Ninth Street Station and locked them within cells there. During REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.—The following real estate transfers were made from May 30th to June 7th, 1867:

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.—The following real estate transfers were made from May 30th to June 7th, 1867: women so degraded as to be horner moral ugliness; language the conception, in its profanity and vnl-garity, of any but the most degraded mind. The younger girl shuddered and wept, and shrunk away into a corner of

The other, who had all along acted, in a peasure, as her protector, curled her lin a scorn aud maintained her composure the quietly remarked, "I have turned ou nd I'll never turn back; hut you will never find me sinking so low as that. c. A. Robiuson, 70 feet by 210.
Campbell streets.
C. Rindy, 32% scres of laud onty, Ey.
W. T. Owen, 75 feet by 220, 01.
Catharines streets.
3,442
W. T. Owen, 75 feet by 220, 01.
Catharines streets.
3,475 can take better care of myself. The younger girl was taken out by her father and committed to the House of The other was liberate

> THE SUFFERING SOUTH. IRAWBEPRY (FESTIVAL AT STANFORD LINCOLN COUNTY, KENTUCKY.

evening, being nineteen years of age. She

STANFORD, KY , June 8. 1867. FRNTLEMEN-At a strawherry festival given by a ladies of Stanford and vicinity, on Toesday and we laddes of stanford and vicinity, on Twesday sun. Wednesday nights of this week, about three hun dred dullars were raised, which will be Immediately applied for the purchase of food for the need of the South. Did woman ever undertake a work of charity that failed 'No, because it is peculiarly her mission, and in no instance will failure attempter efforts. Other villages in Kentucky bave, by the efforts of their noble women, sent bread to the racy of the property of the pr

General Sheridan has issued an order appointing Benjamin Flanders Governor of Louisiana, vice Thos. J. Durant, declined.

l'ussia makes over her American ossessions to us under her hand and undreds of thousands of seals

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO., General Commission Merchants & Bankers, No.1 Hanover Buildings, Hanover Square, ROBT. L. MAITLAND, NEW YORK, WILLIAM WRIGHT. \$ je29 d&wly

COLTON **Dental Association** NITROUS OXIDE GAS PICE 158 FOURTH STREET, opposite the New Market Building.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELERS TO EUROPE. WE are enabled to give letters of maria dam Corner Main and Fifth streets

GO TO

MARBLE WORK Mrs.A.E.PORTER'S

TEMPLE OF FASHION COR SALE, delivered, at 10c per FOR VOUR

GOODS MILLINERY FINE MEDIUM AND COARSE CLOTHING

Louisville, Ky., April 15, 1877, def

No. 118 Fourth St.

SOCIETIES.

MASONIC NOTICE.—A called f, at 8 o'clock, rov. inc.
t and Third degrees.
W. ELSRY, W. Master.
JOHN B. DAVIES: See'y

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE JAMESSAYRE & JAMES O'BRY. an have formed a copartnership, under the firm of SAVRE & CO., and will manufacture all

ARCHITECTURAL WORK, Hollow Ware, Wagon Boyes, DOG IRONS AND GENERAL JOBBING WORK, Fourteenth st., bet. Walunt and Gra-

NITROUSOXIDE

ADMINISTERED AT THE

Dental Cabinets of Dr. McClelland No. 72 Jefferson st., bet, 2d and 3d.

Roper's Four-Shooting Shot-Gun

5 DEP Summe and K Spring Z 田田

Bedford Springs, Trimble county, Ky. THIS old establishment is now ope

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for Furnishing Horses. POST QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, CEALED PROPOSALS will be rerelyed at this office until Monday, June 1 P. M., for furnishing the United States with TEN (10) HORSES d horses must be sound in all particulars we en, in full flesh and good condition, from 15 nds bigh, and from 5 to 8 years old, and we ted in every particular for draught or cava r purposes.

The horses will be subject to a rigid inspection and deliver must be presented for inspection and deliver.

> der of Byt. Maj. Gen. Thos. Sworps, Asti Bvt. Lieut. Col. A. Q. M. ARMY SUPPLIES.

CE CHIEF C. S., DEPTOF THE COMBERLAN No. 21 East Main street,

SEALED PROPOSALS, in dupli the paid).

The Tobacco must be a good, sound article, it one-pound plugs, full weight, equal in quality the best "Navy Plug," and be manufactured an delivered at the U.S. Commissary Store House Nu. 21 East Main affect, during the months of July, August, and September, 1857, the amount diverted sees mouth to be paid for at the ends tnal tare required, and no charge for packeges

ient number of boxes. The Tolsacco will be inspected by an inspector is a lesignated by the undersigned, and no To-good will be accepted or paid for until thas passed his inspection, and a certificate to that effect has een attached to the original bill.

The Tobacco must be manniactured from the est stock, free from stems, and each plus must eigh one pound down weight.

Payment will not be made for the excess of net eight over the actual count of lumps in each ox, imples must accompany each proposal and be

ARMY SUPPLIES.

FFICE CHIEF C.S. DEP'T OF THE CUMBERLAN NO. 21 EAST MAIN STREET SEALED PROPOSALS (which ast be in duplicate, with a copy of this adver-nt attached to each will be received until ock M. Wednesday, June 12, 1987, for farnish-e lollowing Subsistence Stores, vizz-pounds new BACON SIDES in tierces, clear ribbed or clear sides, which to be stated the blds; ounds new BACON SHOULDERS, I therees.

N MEAL, thoroughly kiln dried, in sucquantities as may be required for shipmen during the months of Jone and July, 1887, as pounds best quanty Rit E, to be probed good, tight, new, runud-hal, a bartel head-lined. bounds best quality prime RIO COFFEE, to packed in double sacks, the outside sack

to be reserved, pounds best quality GRANULATED SU-GAR, to be packed in good, strong, new romal-hooped barrels, head lined, pounds of good quality STAR CANDLES to be full weight, either of 6's or 3's, which to be stated in the bids, free from oil, full wick, in strong boxes, strapped with green pounds SALT, clean, dry, fine grain, in strong, well-coopered barrels, full head-lined. age must be of the best kind, and en

als will be considered for the whole or any Byt. Col. & C. S., U. S. Army.

MULDOON, BULLETT, & CO. HAVING opened their new build-ling, are now prepared to show their old cus-tomers and the public generally the largest and

COKE

CARHART WHITFORD, & CO. Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers

Wholesale Fish House ROBERT CARMICHAEL & CO., Agents for the sale of MACKEREL, COD-FISH, &c., 32 Walnut street, CINCINNATI, 6. \$5, 57, 59, and \$1 Hudson at., near Duane

WINDOW-GLASS, &C.

Portrait and

81% A DAY.—Agents wanted, male and fem o introduce a new article of household un NALY FIVE DULLARS CASITAL REQUIRES. ICUIRTS Iree, Address W. A. HENDERSON & Leveland, Ohio.

SEO AGENTS WANTED-BING, Male and fe take to introduce our Nuw Pattern Stanssur; IL Sawinse Michink. It is alapted for family e and ta oring. It makes a stirch slike on both des. Irea only Twirty Dollars, Extraordi

WANTED-Agents, male and fe

R. W. CHAPPELL, 107 and 109 Monroe

WANTED-100 strictly first-cla

\$25 A DAY! Fifteen new articles for Agenta 125 dawsm O. T. GAREY, Biddeford, Maine.

J. KELLER.

Congress Gaiter Uppers,

MADAM O'DAIR

TO BE LEASED.

Second Spring Stock just received.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

1835

CHAMPAGNE,

182

olendid lot of GROUND

RTH SIDE WALNUT ST

600 AUENTS WANTED in a new 625 dawsm H. B. SHAW. Aifred

s W. G. WILSON & CO., Cleveland Obio

NOR SALE - House-A modern FITCH, MAURY, & LINDSEY

Apply to WHITMAN & WILSON AMERICAN and FRENCH LOR SALE-A handsome Resi-WINDOW - GLASS, Looking-Glasses, FOR SALE-Residence-A large, WALL-PAPER ARTISTS MATERIALS

Silver and Wooden Show-Cases, FOR SALE - In Portland - A PICTURE FRAMES & ENGRAVINGS. 77 Fourth st., next door to National Hotel LOR SALE-Lot-A beautiful and

FOR SALE.

ACENTS WANTED. COR SALE .- 1 offer for sale the WANTED - Agents - \$200 **Bryant Spring Property** V month to sell the TRIUMPH FAMI WING MACHINE—A Brit class Machinery respect! Frice ouly \$30. Great inducement of to Agents. Address "Tait men Sawickinsk Co." P. O. Drawer 5.761, Room 5. Fice Block, CHICAGO, ILL.

17 di

FOR RENT.

COR RENT-A very large, fine as Association; also a sleeping room Apply at No. 38 Fourth street, betwied Biver. FOR RENT-A two-story Brick

WANTED-A White Woman for a cook, and a White Girl who can do house and amist in washing. References will be red. Inquire at Journal office. f. J. D. OSBORNE. WANTED-A first-class man, who nderstands putting up and working wooles, to go to Southern Kentucky. No one who out thoroughly understand the basiness need For further particulars, address by letter BOOTS AND SHOES.

WANTED-Watch Jewelers, first

Attention, Army Officers ALL Officers of the Military ser-

HENTUCKY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE.

Mrs. W. B. Nold's Annual Commencemen WILL take place on Friday, June

HATS AND CAPS.

r. Geoghegan's Hydropide

CHS. FARRE'S His RII Profa For sale by all Druggists. FIRST CLASS MEDAL TO

NOTICE.

SILLERY, TABINET, IMPERIAL, OA VIN EUGENIE, An assertment of the above hrand of Cham-pagne, already favorably known throughout the Western and Southern States, will be found con-stantly on the Southern States, will be found con-tantly on hand southern States, and Tennessee, Agenta for Kentucky and Tennessee, Mesers of the Southern Southern States, and Tennessee, mile cold.

Best Pittsburg, Youghiogheny, and other COAL fice No. 86 Sixth street, between Market and Jefferson. ORDERS promptly filled either in

FOR RENT-The Store-house on lier by agreement with present leaves. Apply tay3 dtf S. E. cor. Market and Third, up stairs. WANTED.

B. A. PKADEN, Pranklin, Ky WANTED-Salesmen, every BOOTS and SHOES No. 78'; Fifth st., bet, Main and Market.

above dairs.
Officers having this additional pay due them can have the same promptly collected by calling on me at my office, No. 91 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth, Louisville, E.V. HAWES, may off U.S. Glaim Agons,

THE FIFTEENTH REGULAR be had at D. P. Faulds's is each, for the benefit of

At a meeting of the Faculty of the Kentucky, hood of Medicine held May 31st, 18s7, the follow-

A REDUCTION of 25 PER CENT

r during the first two moutas hi and control and the Medical Department.

JAMES WITH RIE.

President of the Board of Trustees of the University of Louisville.

Days he instruct

W. R. THOMPSON.

IS THE MOST REMARKABLE BLOOD-PURI Now is the Season to use such Remedies. No family should be without it in their houses. m21 d&wlm Confidential.

Young men injured by secret habits which nafit them for business, pleasure of the front the follies of youth or other the duties of married life; also, cent among who, a few many themselves under treatment, should see "The Secret Friend." Married lade we learn something of importance. Sent in a scaled chys.ope for 25 cents. Address. Address DR. CHAS. A. STUART & CO., Entou. Mass.

N election of Directors for the Sandy Valley Railroad and Improvement many will be held on Wednesday, the M day mly next, at 12 0 cock noon, at the office of X.

THOS. JAMES & CO. Donlers in the

may13 dfm

Fifteenth Regular Session.

FEES.

HATS, CAPS STRAW GOODS

PRATHER&SMITH . 160 Main Street.

icid on Wednesday, the vid day in Morristown, New Jersey, JOHN MEHER RY, REUBEN J. FAIRBANKS, WILLIAM MINES WILLIAM MINES WAS A MINES WAS A MINES WILLIAM MINES WAS A MINES WILLIAM MINES WAS A MINES

WM. FULWOOD & CO., HAVING purchased the Drama Saloon, adjoining the Louisville Theater, on en street, and restocked the same with the less Wises, Bourbon, Robinson County Whis-

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES

AARON JUNES, the celebrated Box edice open from 10 to 4 o'clock inors open

BASE BALL MATCH And Strawberry Festival

Cedar Hill Park ON TUESDAY, JUNE 11. For the benefit of the Suffering South.

Gates open and indies in attendance at 20 clock.

Base Bal game will be called at 20 clock.

The Base Bal game will be called at 20 clock.

The planet making the greatest number of ruos of the deleased a denote by the ladies with a beautiful bouquet.

The planet making the greatest number of ruos of the deleased a denote by the ladies with a beautiful bouquet.

The planet making the greatest number of ruos of the deleased a denote by the ladies with a beautiful bouquet. Bill of Fare at the Strawberry Festival. A cup of Coffice with Sandwich Lunch consisting of Coffee Bread, Butter co d Meats, Tarts, Pickles, &c. Strawberries and Gream and Cake. Music from the bend during the afternoon.

SPRING MEETING, 1867.

Sixth Day. Jockey Gub Purre Giot-1's miles. All ages.

NAME. DAY—SECOND RACE—Consolatio
Stake—Purre 4500; for beaten harner; mila hest
Rotten beaten once allowed 7 pounds; those beaten twice a lowed it pounds; those three times allowed its pounds.

HURDLE BACE.

In addition to the other races of that day.

Badges for the week or day may be had at the
Lorenv c. National and W. and Hotels, Waiker's,

B. Charler, and at Frankfort depot.

POOLE w. be sold at the LOU ISVILLE HOTEL.

Boorn ag and night, and on the track doring the
day, by Messer. All FRIEND & CO., anthorized

pool-sellers for Woodlawn Course. A lentries for the encoording day's purse mast e handed to the bearestary immediately after the aces are over EACH EVENING. ADMINSION TO GRAND STAND. . . \$1 Including railroad fare going and com.ng. Ticket is bought at Depot. Races to commence at three o'clock.

BOBERT A. JOHNSON, Prest.

WM MURPHY, Sec'y.

CEDAR HILL PARK BASE BALL GROUND,

At the terminus of the Fourth street Rail-Noextra charge for carriages. epocial arrangements can be made for Picul artice, &c. jl dim

POOLS! POOLS! T. WORLEY will sell Pools at National Hotel every morning and nighting the races, commencing Monday oexi.

THE TRIPLE REMEDIES

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE,

THE WORLD'S GREAT REME-GUARANTEE A CURE IN EVERY INSTANCE HYDRAULIC FOUNDRY

all stations in I (e-our most eminent men in pair is positions—as who have ever obset on seen it meets on in the most unit inited praise of its merits; as court in the most unit inited praise of its merits; as overify and wil tell yes that it is the most wonder ful remedy of the mineteenth centary, whilst be most wonder to be made and the mineteenth centary, whilst he had, eiting of the mireculous cures it has persent as every day, from persons in every part of the man, whilst herm the formula from which it may be made maying its effects are wonderful, its usuces every of all precedent, and its curea, is even the most aggravated cases, as certain as snorise. Is all stop distress after eating in a moment's time in the stomach of bowers in the most aggravated cases, as certain as snorise. Is all stop distress after eating in a moment's time in the stomach or bowers transtanceusily, and escable the dyspeptic antifers who has feved for years on Graham bread and the paloest diet, to eat a hearty meal without fear, any trouble from it. We carneadly ask one trief, on every sufferer. Sold by druggists everywher it is per Book C. G. CLAAKK & O. Proprietors. Ele, or 6 Bottles for \$5. C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors, Naw Haven, Ct.

8100 REWARD FOR A MEDICINE THAT WILL CURE Coughs, Influenza, Tickling in the Throat, Whooping-Cough, or Relieve Consumptive Coughs,

AF QUIG S COE'S COUGH BALSAM.

Over 200,000 Bottles

are been said in its native towe, and not a single stance of for failure is known. We have in on securion any quantity of Certificates, some of our from eminent physicians, who have used it their aractive, and give it the pre-eminence over y other compound. NOT DRY UP A COUGH,

But lessens it as as to enable the patient to expecte Two or Three Boson will invariably Cure Tickling in the Throat.

A HAIF BOTTLE HAS OFTEN COMPLETELY CIELD THE MUST STUBBORN COUGH.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT. IT IS WITHIN THE REACR OF ALL.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS,

Great Female Remedy for Irregularities. and a corrective of irragnization and safe except when prohibited as we're religious and safe except when prohibited as we're religious any religious papers a control of the religious and the religious and the religious forces of the religious fo

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES. PERSONS PURChasing Carriages and Buggies would do well to call ea

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DR. LUDLAM'S SPECIFIC, Great American Diuretic AFFORDS IMMEDIATE RELIEF AND REFECTS PRA-MANENT CURES Of all Urinary and Private Dis-sases, In male or female, In shorter time than any remedy eyer discovered. Price \$1 per box. Sold by all Druggists. JUHN D. PARK, General Agent,

A HEALTH ESTABLISHMENT AT COLUMBUS, O. We are treating Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Disease of the Liver, Kidneys, Heart, and Nervous System with marked success, and Uterine Disease by a new and superior method. Location three will be few the offer.

n from the city. Address
to clune WM. SHEPARD, M. D. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE. splended Hair Dye is the best in the world em. Beliable, Instantaneous—the only Pe

A NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

"Night Blooming Cereus." "Night Biooming Cerens." "Night Blooming Cerent."

"Night Blooming Cerena,"

Manufactured only by BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. ASE FOR PHALON'S-TAKE NO OTHER. tyzi eodly

THE PUZZLE OF THE AGE

No Living Eye he hair and the superh artificial tiots conferre

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE With the color it Imparts loster, and does oot diminish the flexibility of the fibers, Mannfactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggista. Applied by all Hair-Dremers.

A Physiological View of Marriage—The Ebespest Book Ever Published, costaining nearly 100 Pages and 100 fee Plates and Engravings of the Anatomy of the Human Organs in a state of Health and Disease, with a Treatise on Early Errors, its Deplorable Consequence upon the Mind and Body, will the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treat—A truthral, advicer to the married and those contemplating marriage who entertain doucts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address on receipt of Scenat, lo stamps or postal currency, by addressing DR. LA CROIX, Ho. Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y. The anthor may be committed open any of the diseases upon which his book treats, either personally or hy mail, and medicines sent to any part of the world.

247

West Main Street,

Louisville, Ky.

NAUTS, REAMER, & OWENS Proprietors.

NOT A FEW of the worst disorders that afflot mankind arise from corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a rem-

MACHINE SHOP

Corner of Washlogton and Floyd sts., LOUISVILLE, KY., JULIUS BARBAROUX, Proprietor,

Steamboat, Stationary, and Portable

STEAM ENGINES,

BOILERS,

SHEET IBON, BRASS, and COPPER WORK,

Circular Saw-Mills, RGHUM SUGAR-MILLS, MILL MACHINE EY, CAST AND WROUGHT IRON SOREW PIPES, FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS OF VARIOUS KINDS,

COTTON PRESSES AND GIN SHAFTING Oil Well Tools and Machinery, TOBACCO SCREWS & PRESSES, Cast & Wrought Iron Railing & Verandahi ALL KINDS OF CASTING AND GENERAL JOBBING WORK.

C. A. MERCHANT & CO.

Agent for the CARVER COTTON GIN.
" WHITNEY'S WATER WREEL

Practical Plumbers, ON Monday Afternoon, June 17, GAS & STEAM FITTERS, Public and Private Houses fitted up with Gas and Water in the most approved style. Constantly on hand a large supply of Gas F.x-tures, Grobes, and Pumhing Materials, &c. Jobbing promptly attended to. C. A. Mark HART. M. BERARKLIFF. T. HUXLEY. mayie day.

And are an exvestment and thorough trial does not back my the above statement, the money will be refunded. We say this, knowing its merita, and be refunded. We say this, knowing its merita, and be refunded. We say this, knowing its merita, and be refunded. We say this, knowing its merita, and be refunded in the say of the say respectable drugglist in tows, who will iterate you will a circular of generality where, it has made. Seed by drugglist everywhere, it has made. Seed by drugglist everywhere.

See Tickels for sale at Agencies, at Louisville Hotel office, and at Gotman & Bro.'s Third street, near Main.

ENGRAVINGS TO BE SELECTED FROM: George Washington, Martha Washington, John C. Breckinridge, Ashland, U.S. Grant, and Robt. F. Lee.



MEDICAL CARD.

AUCTION SALES.

SALES TO-DAY. BY S. P. WHALEY & CO., Bland 83 Fifth street.

ARGS AND SPECIAL SALE OF CHAMPAGNE, CLARET, AND RITINE WINE, 2:
BBLs CIDER, IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS, CHEWING AND SMOKING TO
BACO, PHES, &c.

ON Saturday Morning, June

BY S. P. WHALEY & CO., Postponed Sale on Account of the Weather.

THE LARGEST SALE OF LOTS EVER OF-FERED AT AUCTION IN THIS UITY, IN COCHRAN'S ADDITION TO THE CITY OF LOUISVILLE. 160 Building Lots. SITUATED ON TWELFTH, THIRTEENTH FOURTEENTH, FIFTEENTH, MAPLE, LEX-INGTON. DELAWARE, AND KENTUCKY

ON Saturday Afternoon, June 8th. N Saturday Alternoon, June 811, 186, at 29 o'clock, commencing on the corner width and Maple streets and running south on fith to Kentacky street; thence west on Kenystreet to Fifueuth street; thence north on enth street to Maple; thence can on Maple to the beginning sine; thence on Lexington from Twelfth to Fifuenth street; thence on ware street from Fitteenth to Twelfth street; ee on Thirteenth street; commencing at Mand running through to Kentucky street; ce commencing at or countries of the corner of Kentucky Street; the countries of the corner of Kentucky Street; consumering at Mand running through to kentucky street; ce countries in a street and running through to estimate.

and percuptory, and constant pold regardles of value.

S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers BY S. G. HENRY & CO. ON Saturday next, June S, at half-

ecknianter eck of the Steamer J. T. McComus, eck of the Steamer J. T. McComus, oo the hank of the Ohio river at Shipping oo the hank of the Ohio river at Saie, tt, with Rigging, Tackel, &c. Terms at saie, t, with Rigging, Tackel, &c. HENRY & CO., Anctioneers. EREMPTORY SALE OF ONE BROADWAY

LOT, situated on Broadway, between Thirteeot ON Saturday Afternoon, June 8, 187, alz o'clock, we will sell, on the premisea, one apiendid Building L.b. The Lot fronts on Broadway 2.b feet and rims has zo feet us 2b foot alley. Soldby order of a bon-ley of the foot alley. Soldby order of a bon-ley of the foot alley. Soldby order of a bon-ley of the foot alley. Soldby order of a bon-ley of the foot alley. Soldby order of a bon-ley of the foot alley.

BY S. P. WHALEY & CO. HE LEASE AND FIXTURES OF A NO. BUSINESS HOUSE oo Third street, between Jefferson and Green, will be sold AT AUCTION.

ON Saturday Afternoon, June 8 867, al 20'clock, on the premises. Sale per Terms cash. S. P. WHALEY & Co., FUTURE SALES.

BY S. P. WHALEY & CO. PIANO, LARGE MIRROR, BRUSSELS AND INGRAIN CARPETS, PATTERNS FOR LA-DIES USE, DINING ROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, in McDowell's Block, corne

Fourth and Green, up stairs; also the LEASH OF THE ROOMS. ON Monday Morning, June 10,1867. at 10 o'clock, we will sell, on the premises, an elegant lot of Furniture, manufactured in New York. In the lotts one every fine-self-dense Bept Furniture, consisting of eight pieces; also black Hair cloth Farior sets.

This said is peculive, as the owner is determined that is a self-dense for the premise of the precisely.

Terms cash.

B. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioueers. S. P. WHALEY & CO.,

PECIAL SALE BY ORDER OF UNDERWRIT ERS-CABIN OUTFIT OF THE STEAMER

MCCOMBS AT AUCTION. ON Monday Morning. June 10, at Cahlu Outat of the Steamer McCombs, consisting

t of100 Cotion and Shnck Mattretses;
200 assorted Comterts;
201 Feather Prilows;
10 do: assorted Chaira;
10 do: assorted Chaira;
1 Large Cahim Mirror;
1 Iron Sate;

BY JAS. L. BROWN.

HOUSE AND LABGE LOT, centrally located, AT AUCTION

office 150's Jefferson, near Fifth street. 56 BY J. U. SHAFFER.

STORY FRAME HOUSE, WITH LOT, ON AMPBELL STREET, AT AICTION. ON Tuesday Afternoon, June 11, Tuesday Atternoon, June 11, sor, at 40 clook, on the premises, go the west of Campbell street, between Beargrass Creek the River, No. 8s, will be sold a two story e House of a room, with clatern, &c. Lot 40 fs. The property is now resting at \$0 per b. Sale positive. Transfer etc.

BY JAS. L. BROWN.

POSITIVE SALE OF A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE AND LARGE LOT, centrally located, ON Tuesday, June 11, 1867, at 4 o'clock P. M., I will sell, on the premisos, the wert side of Third, opposite the end of third street, "50, 22, a two-story Brick House librae List. The House contains to rooms, because I all, kitchen, servands'room, and stuckers is I all, kitchen, servands'room, and stuckers because the scale of the sc office law's Jefferson street, near Fifth. 18 de

AUCTION SALES IN NEW YORK.

GEORGE WALES NICHOLS, Auctioneer, NEILSON & NICHOLS,

Store No. 143 Pearl street, Hanover Square, NEW YORK. ON Thursday, June 13, 1867, at 11 o'clock, within the the store, large and peremptory sale of VIRGINIA MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, consisting of a general assortment:

BY S. P. WHALEY & CO..

(C. A. Merchant, formerly of Abrens & Merchant)

GREAT AUCTION SALE OF SUBURBAN PROPERTY SLOTS, FROM 5 TO 20 ACRES ON Monday Afternoon, June 17, 187, at 30 'clock, we will sell, on the premiser, about 2% acres of Land in lots of from 8 to 2) acres each. This preparry is designifiedly located on the above overflow and sellevs a command the view of the river from New Albany to Bridgeport. There are three large dwell ms, with other necessary out-buildings, and several orehards on the property. It is at the first deep water landing below the city, being the old Dry Docks place, ou there are addy a Run. The soil is very rich and well adapted for gardening purposes.

The terrus of this as a wall be very liberal, being a cash, the balance in t. 2, and a years, with interest and hen. Maps of this property can be seen at our office and at the office of Messra. Henuing & the contraction of the seen and the office of Messra. Henuing & the contraction of the seen and the office of Messra. Henuing & the contraction of the seen at our office and at the office of Messra. sibuses will leave from in front of our Auctooms at lociock on the day of sale to consiste a wishing to attend the sale free of the sale free

TO LADIES AND JEWELERS.

M. CAMPBELL'S SELF-INSTRUCTOR

IN THE ART OF HAIR WORK. Thu Only Book of the kind ever Published.

A new, large, and elegantly bound work containing over one thought be been supported by the different styles of hair shalling, over one thought be been supported by the different styles of hair shalling, switches, curies, fuers, warms falls, chiendry, switches, curies, fuers, warms falls, chiendry, switches, curies, fuers, switch as cleanly, be been supported by the same supported by the same

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Progress of the Presidential Party.

Their Speeches by the Way. ful for their kindness, he regretted Senatorial Excursion Party. hat his public engagements compelled im to decline the desired sojourn, as usincss required his return to Washing-Prospects of the Pacific Railroad

Fast Trotting on Fashion Course Who is Governor of Louisiana?

Protest Against the Action of the Military.

NEW YORK. NEW YORK, June 7. The Grand Lodge of Free-masons is session in this city to-day. They passed esolution laying an injunction on some cons who were now engaged in a gift

terprise under the name of the Masonic Two thousand six hundred and twentyx emigrants arrived to day. Nelson J. Marsh, a clerk in the Postflice, was arrested to-day on a charge of mbezzling valuable letters and held on ail for trial.

Another distillery in Brooklyn was ized to-day. On the lirst attempt the officer was beaten severely and ejected.

The Southern famine relief commissioners are still vigorously at work. In addition to loading the United States storeship Purveyor, which left Tuesday, the commissioners have since shipped 8,000 bushels of corn to Charleston and Savannah, for interior distribution. Yesavanuah, for interior distribution erday the treasurer received from Clar-endon District, South Carolina, an appeal or relief from the heads of 67 families, epresenting 298 individuals, some or hom are now suffering for bread. The steamer Santiago de Cuba, recently stranded ou the New Jersey coast, has arrived and is now in dry dock.

The steamers City of Washington and Minnesota, from Liverpool, arrived here

to-day.
Robert M. Dewitt, a wholesale news agent, recovered a verdict to-day of \$932 against J. W. Sullivan, a California news gent; money due on consignments from The Pacific Mail Company continue to hip coal to the Pacific. The ship Ivanhoe and bark Tavis sailed for Panama with a cargo of coal. The steamer Celestial Empire goes on a

ial trip to sea next week. At a meeting at the American Institute Homeopathy, various papers were read, cluding one by Dr. Comstock. of Cinnnati, on Homeopathic management of holera at St. Louis last summer; by Dr. ook, of Cincinnati, on dislocation of the idney. The report of the Bureau of urgery was also read by the President, h documents lengthy and interesting, eport from the Committee on Medical ics was ordered to he printed, and will e considered next session. A report om the Bureau of Obstetrics was receiv-

om the Bilrean of Costenies was tered of dwithout reading, and referred to the omnittee on Publication.

Nicaragua papers state that the mission fex President Martinez to England is only for the purpose of incorporating Mosquito with Nicaragua, but believe tha

Another order appoints the following hoard to prepare regulations for registration: Brevet Col. Royol, 5th. Cavalry; H. H. Hether, of Raleigh; J. Fisher, of Raleigh; J. W. Cordoza, of Charleston; L. Booser, of Lexington, S. C. They convene at Charleston to day.

t Charleston to day.

Registration in Richmond commences on the 17th inst.

A case is on trial in the District Court at Richmond to recover the dividends from the Richmond and Petersburg Railroad, declared during the war, which were turned over to the Confederate government, together with the stock, which was forfeited. declared during the war, which were turned gether with the stock, which was forfeited in being the property of an alien enemy. The American Institute of Homeopathy,

adjourned to-night to meet in St. Louis The second match for \$2,000, mile heats, to a wagou, between Dexter and Lady Thorn, was trotted at Fashion Course today. Dexter won in three straight heats, the two last being splendidly contested, and the second fastest ever made to wagous. Time—2:32, 2:24, 2:28. The fastest time to wagons previously was 2.25. made by Flora Temple and George

The Commercial says: It has been asertained that the party wanted at Wash-ngton as a witness in the Surratt trial is dr. McEwen, of Detroit. The trial was ecently postponed, owing to the inability He has been living in Canada.

GEORGIA.

Augusta. June Y. Governor Orr addressed the citizens of Andersou District, S. C., to-day. After reviewing the various plans presented since the close of the war for the reconuction of the Southern States he earnstruction of the Southern States he earn-setly insisted on the acceptance of the plan of reconstruction proposed as the only only means of preventing the administra-tion of the affairs of the country passing into the hands of the ignorant, and conse-quently the barbarian and tyrant classes, and the only hope of making this country and the only hope of making this country even tolerable. He showed from the ceneven tolerable. He showed from the cen-sus of 1860 the great preponderance of colored over white voters, and the utter inability of the whites to defeat the conmability of the whites to deteat the convertion or protect themselves whenever an issue is made with the colored people. There are 60,000 colored voters in the State and only 40,000 white. It is true, perhaps, that there is not now as many colored men as in 1800, but it is sure the proportionate decrease has been greater with the whites than the blacks since the commencement of the late war. He insisted on the cultivation of the most corristed on the cultivation of the most correct the state of isted on the cultivation of the most cor lial relations between races and the for

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALLIGH, June 7. The Presidential party attended the commencement exercises of the University at Chapel Hill, yesterday. They were escorted from here by a procession, including the scholars and officers of the institution and the ex-Governor of North Carolina. Carolina. The average number of pupils s 500, but at present they do not exceed 500. A ball was given by the graduating class, which was attended by a portion of the Providential parties. he Presidential party.
The President and party left Chapel Ill this morning on their return trip, and were received with marked hospitality and respect. The public demonstration has been as calm and composed as were those of the North on the reception occa-sion. The excursion, so far, has heen a pleasant one to all concerned. Maj. Gen. Sickles and staff, and Gov. Worth, accompanied the party back to Raleigh. The President leaves for Wash

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, June 7. Thirteen dead bodies have been taken om the rnins of Geary & Wardo's sawmill, and the search is actively progress-ing. The following dead have been iden-tified: H. Menly, Dietrich Endess, Aug. Address M. CAMPBELL. 787 Broadway, New York, or is South Clark st., Chicago, Ili, I kronter And Manufacturker of Hair Goods.

QUANTITY vs. QUALITY. Helmbolow Extract Sanapanilla. The dose is small. Those who desire a large quantity and farge doses of medicine EER. VIRGINIA.

Petersburg, June 7. [BY THE CAULE.] The President and party arrived at 7 o'clock this evening on their return to Washington, liaving been escorted from Jarett's depot to Petersburg by Mayor Collier and a committee of the City Coun-BREST, June 7. The steamer Atlanta, from New York, May 25, arrived, and proceeded to Lon-PESTII, June 7-P. M. d. The Mayor renewed the tender of the ospitalities of the city to the President said, that while he was Lord Bloomfield, British Ambassado: will be present at the crowning of Franz Joseph King of Hungsry, to-morrow. All Powers having diplomatic relations with Austria are to be represented on this oc-

ercion except America.

EUROPI

SOUTH CAROLINA.

TENNESSEE.

mind regarding these stockings.

"The iron dogs, the fuel and tongs, The bellows that have leathern lungs: Tha tirewood, sakes and smoke, Do all to righteeneness provoka."

rawn into a snarl, but afterward comes

a time when the whole is made plain, and

ter another, put in with skill and discre-

ion, until the whole presents the fair and qual piece of work which you see, so lite loes not consist of one great action, but millions of little ones combined; and so

may it he with your lives-no stitch

are to be reproved, or economy is to he

preserved-neither seeming nor narrowng where truth and generosity are in

Thus every stitch of life made right,

dening made when bnd principles

pped when duties arc to be pe

brated Professor Huxley.

than the upsetting of the time-honored classification of the vertebrated animals established by Linnaus. Instead of the

usnal division into quarters—fishes, rep-tiles, birds and mammifera—Huxley sub-stitutes three classes, denominate l respec-

tively; the icthyopsida, sanropsida, mam-

lood globules are nucleated; fin

termediate bone (os quandratum), they have only one occipital condyle; the blood globules are uncleated; the epi

HUNGARY-GOV. UJHAZY.

estioned before since nine centuries. Posterity will remember this high treason committed against the rights of the Ilnu-garian people!

Very respectfully, LADISLAUS UJHAZY.

Olmas Creek, above the City of Sau Anonia, Texas, May 10, 1867.

next year.

CHARLESTON, June 7.

The large concourse at the hotel received few remarks, in which he said he tried to discharge his duty faithfully. That he had made his conscientious conviction, his courage, his constitution, his guide, and by these he would stund. He was grateful for this reception, and hoped that when he ngain came here it would he under more favorable circumstances; arrived. with the country in peace and prosperity. He was heartily cheered. Secretary Seward, in response to calls, remarked that they had heard from the President what he would say were he to

make a speech.

Mr. Randall was required to speak, and

The first assignment of new wheat riefly admonished all to forget the strife f the past, and unite for the future in our ountry's prosperity.

As the party remained an hour in Petersburg they were handsomely ente-tained with supper, and received marked attention. They will remain at Richmond to-night and will leave for Washington Saturday morning.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 7. Six hundred and fifty workmen have yard, reducing the force to a comparatively mall number.
General Schofield visited the national cemeteries in this vicinity yesterday and to-day, and returned to Richmond this

The President and party arrived at 10 clock, and were met at the depot by the and Captain Willard, of the Spottswood louse, to which place they were eacorted.

band of music performed several airs

n the way. The people came out in the
ain to see the President, and saluted him ith cheers. A large number of persons rowded to the parlors, where the Presi-ent and Mr. Seward were introduced. here was more enthusiasm than when the resident arrived in the city on Monday,

nd the greeting more cordial.

The President made a short address to hose assembled in the parlors. He preumed it his policy and that of the ad-He returned thanks for the cordial reception from the citizens.

Mr. Seward said he was pleased with the reception along the trip and this city, and he thought the South, as well as the North, were con

greater than a part. He never favored a war until forced iu to it. He never desired peace without a full restoration of the Union. If Wash-ington could be called from his grave and questions now in issue be referred to him. he would say no confiscation, no detry. He did not aspire to be greater than Washington. He then thanked the audience for their kind attention, when the

KANSAS.

OMAHA, June 7. Senator Wade and party partook of a grand banquet to-night in the State House, given by the Legislature, City Council and citizens; about three hundred were

ne payment of claims against the care he payment of claims against the states for the ravages of Walker's filibusters may be made to result from it. To substantiate these claims, it is said, it is only necessary to take Mr. Seward's correspondence with England on the Alabama cuestion.

After a sumptious dinner, Mayor Brown gave as a toast: "Our distinguished gavests," and called on Mr. Wade, as Vice-President, to respond, and on behalf of the people of Nebraska he thanked him for the noble manner in which he had for over ten years hattled so hravely for the nterests of Nebraska. After loud applause Mr. Wade respond-

cd, speaking in glowing terms of the construction of the Pacific railroad, to which he had been devoted for years, of the bold capitalists, who have willingly invested their money in this great enterprise. prise; he advised the members of the

ntelligence.
Senator Trumbull was called on, and in He an eloquent speech prophesied a glorious luture for Nebraska, when her prairies would become blooming gardens, while he great highway to the Indies sought for

by Christopher Columbus has been found to cross the fields and valleys.

Senators Cresswell, Howe, Chandler, Cattell and Yutes, Mr. George Francis Train, T. Seymour, Col. Worthing, Senators Cresswell, Mr. George Francis Columbia (1988). for Thayer, Judge Lake and Col. Patrick followed in cloquent and patriotic allu-sions to their native States, and the comnon destiny with the great West being clasped in an iron embrace by mutual la-

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 7.

The Pension officers heve decided to follow the long-established rule of rejecting all applications for pension based on pjury received, disease contracted, or leath occurring while the soldier was on urlough.

In the first he places fishes and amphibia like the frog the salamander, &c., connecting them by the following characters in common; they both breathe hy the aid of branchia, at least during a part of their existence; during embryonic life they do not possess an ammios, and the WASHINGTON, June 7. ing all applications for pension based on

New York. He has not been ill beyond a light attack of vertigo, which passed off n a few moments.

The temperance demonstration, which awas to have taken place to-day, was post-poned on account of the rain by Major-General Howard, Chief Marshal, until one week from Saturday. It is understood that Secretary McCul-

Admiral Farragut left this morning for

It is understood that Secretary incom-luch contemplates an early and perma-nent reduction of the force employed in the Treasury Department in consequence of the rapidly diminishing of business. Due regard will be exhibited in regard to the ability of clerks.

Second-Licutenant D. G. Rousseau, 5th
infantry, is ordered to report to General
Rousseau, as A. D. C.

San Francisco, June 7. Arizona advices of May 13th represent ne mining interests progressing and agicultural prospects encouraging gg is pushing the war against Large immigrations are expected from Kausas, Colorado, and New Mexico.

The Indians continue to commit depre-

I'reparations are making for an expeditiou from Camps Lincoln and McDowell for the purpose of destroying the crops of the Apaches.
To-day the cight-hour labor system was quietly inaugurated by the different unions of the city. The procession was one of the largest ever witnessed in San Fran-

The steamship Constitution, from Pan-ama, arrived last night. The War Hawk, with passengers from New York, arrived. LOUISIANA. New Orleans, June 7. Hon. B. F. Flanders, the newly appointed Governor, called on Governor Wells his morning at the Executive office and nade known that he came in obedience o the order of General Sheridan and was ready to enter on the duties of Governor.
Governor Wells declined to voluntarily vacate the office and protested in writing against the action of the military.

At 1 o'clock and order was received at

the Governor's office addressed to Flan

ders, but he was absent. So the unture of the communication is unknown. Mexican news received to day confirms Shakspeare, in Macbeth, thus defines a "Son-What is a traitor? the previous report that Lopez and Queretaro to Escohedo for 3,000 ounces. No "Macduff-Why one that swear and

new developments have been made.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, June 7.

Gen. John G. Foster will be given a public dinner by the leading citizens next Weduesday.

Iles,

"Son—Aud he all traitors that do so?

"Macduff—Every one that does ao is a traitor and must he hanged."

If this be so, how many Radical Congressmen will escape the gallows? Will the doctrine of military necessity absolve a man who "swears and liea?"—Chicago

A SENSATION STORY.

FVIVAL OF AN OLD SUPERSTITION A YOUNG MAN VISITED BY A VAMPIRE.

From the Wheellos West Virginia Register.
There is an old superstition, dating oack to the Greeks and Romans, the backs to the Creeks and Romans, that hodies of persons who die under sentence of excommunication do not decay, but derour their own flesh, and during the night leave their graves and snek the blood of living persons. This old superstition has been revived in this city under extraordinary circumstances. A rounder The Emperor has made known his in-ention of proclaiming universal amnesty o all Austrian subjects imprisoned or endered liable to punishment by political extraordinary circumstances. A young man who boards at one of our most re-spectable boarding-houses has for some weeks past been growing weak and pale from the loss of hlood during the night. For some time he could not imagine the cause of the lassitude he felt every morn-ing but about a week are he discovered. offenses committed prior to this corona-Deblin, June 7. ing, but about a week sgo he discovered a small puncture on his arm, from which it was evident that blood had been drawn, The City of Duhlin, from New York, GLASGOW, June 7. and every morning thereafter he found s new puncture upon some tleshy portion of his body. He was mystified as how these punctures were made, and what made The steamer Standrew, from Montreal,

For several nights he remained awake

late in the night for the purpose of solving the mystery, but such was his weak condition he invariably became exhausted The planters report that the recent and fellasleep before morning, and always found a fresh puncture. He got an ac-quaintance to sleep with him, but becom-ing tired of watching, he too fell asleep, reached this city to-day for shipment to and in the morning there was a fresh puncture upon both of them, which so alarmed his acquaintance that he refused to sleep in that room again. Between the loss of blood and his anxiety to know the Mempilis, June 7. The National Typographical Union adcause of it, the young man nearly crazed, presenting a haggard and care-worn appearance, and he was an object of solici-The following quaint notions abou lude to his friends, who sympathized with him in his distress, and advised a change tockings may be interesting. They were of scene; but such was the fascination with which he had become imbucd, that written by a distinguished literary lady to a learned Judge on the eve of his marnothing they could say could induce him o forego his determination to remain and clear up the mystery. His body by this time was a strange sight, being almost completely covered with small swellings DEAR COUSIN: Herewith you will receive a present of a pair of woolen stock-ings knit by my own hands; and be as-sured, dear coz, that my friendship for rom the punctures, which were a sour of irritation. A few nights ago he was awoke by a stinging sensation in his arm, you is as warm as the material, active a between the elbow and shoulder, and in-

the inger-work, and generous as the do-nation. But I consider the present as pecu-liarly appropriate on the occasion of your marriage. You will remark, in the first stantly reached his hand to the spot, but could feel nothing, and although a light was burning in the room, could see nothmarriage. You will remark, in the first place, that there are two individuals united in one pair, who are to walk side by side, guarding against coldness, and giv-ing comfort as long as they last. The The old superstition of vampires at once became fixed upon his mind, and he re-solved to leave the house, which he did thread of their texture is mixed; and so, alas, is the thread of life. In these, however, the white is made predominate, exthe next morning, repairing to another part of the city. Strange to say, since his part of the city. Strange to say, since his change of quarters he has not been again visited by the midnight blood-sucker, and is fast regaining his health. Since his story has become known, we have heard of several other persons, who occupied the same room, that were visited in the same way, but they never stayed more than a few nights before they left the house, and said nothing about it for fear of injuring the reputation of the house pressing my desire and confidence that thus it will be with the color of your existence. No black is used, for I believe you will he wholly free from the black passions of wrath and jealousy. The darkest color here is blue, which is excellent, when we do not make it too blue.
Other appropriate thoughts rise in my ouse, and said nothing about it for fear of injuring the reputation of the house. We have given the facts as they were related to us, and have no reason to doubt the veracity of the parties; but we have no faith whatever in the superstition regarding vampires, and are inclined to think that the blood-loving visitant was more of a material than supernatural most indifferent aubjects, when viewed by the mind in a suitable frame, may furnish instructive inferences, as, saith the poet: But to the subject. You will perceive more of a material than supernatural creature. We have suppressed the names of the parties concerned in this strange that the tops of these stockings (by which, I suppose, contship to be represented), are seamed, and by means of seaming are of the parties concerned in affair at their own request.

THE PARDON OF GEO. W. GAYLE. a time when the whole is made plain, and continues so to the end and final toeing off. By this I wish to take occasion to congratulate you that yon are now through with seeming, and come to plain reality. Again, as the whole of these comely stockings were not made at once, but by the addition of one little stitch after another put in with skill and discre-The following is a copy of the pardon warrantissued to George W. Gayle, the man who offered to procure the assassination of President Lincoln, Mr. Seward. and Mr. Johnson for a reward of \$1,000, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States of America, to all whom these presents shall come, greeting: Whereas, One George W. Gayle, of Dal-

> acy to overthrow the Government of the trited States, and particularly for adver-tising a large reward of one million of dol-lars for the assassination of Lincoln, Sew-ard, and Johnson;
>
> And whereas I am assured that the said Geo. W. Gayle was innocent of any guilty intent, and his irreproachable private character is totally at variance with the crime for which he is indicted, and many

and set the right place, none either too large or too small, too tight or too loose, may you keep on your smooth and even course, making existence the fair and consistent piece, until together, having passed the heel, you come to the very use of life; other mitigating circumstances, re and here in the final narrowing off and dropping off the coil of this emblematical And whereas the pardon of said George pair of companions and comforting associates, nothing appears but white, the to-W. Gayle has been recommended by the Governor and members of the State Sen ken of innocence and peace, of purity and light. May you, like these stockings, the final stitch being dropped, and the work completed, go together from the place ate and House of Representatives of Ala-bama; by the members of the Supreme completed, go together from the place where you were formed, to a happier state of existence, a present from earth to Volunteers, and many other United States

Volunteers, and many other United States military officers, and other influential citof existence, a present from earth to Heaven.

Hoping that these stockings and admonitions may meet a civil reception. I remain, in the true blue friendship, seem-drew Now, therefore, be it known, that I, Anremain, in the true blue friendship, seemingly, without seeming, yours, from top to toe.

drew Johnson, President of the United States of America, in consideration of the premises, divers other good and sufficient New CLASSIFICATION OF ANIMALS.— While speaking of science and Eugland, I must not forget to notice a hold and reasons me therefore moving, have granted and do hereby grant to the said Geo.
W. Gayle a full and unconditional pardon.
In testimony whereof, I have hereunto singular theoretical enterprise of the cele-

signed my name and caused the seal of the United States to he affixed. Done at the city of Washington, this twenty-ninth day of April, A. D., [SEAL.] 1867, and in the independence of the United States of America the

ninety-first.
ANDREW JOHNSON. F. W. SEWARD, Acting Secretary of State.

The following is a copy of Gayle's adcrtisement containing the proposition in

MILLION DOLLARS WANTED TO HAVE PEACE BY THE FIRST OF MARCH.

If the citizens of the Southern Confederacy will furnish me with the cash or they do not possess an amnios, and the allantoid is absent or rudimentary; their ood securities for the sum of \$1,000,000, will canse the lives of Abraham Lincoln, Villism H. Seward, and Andrew Johnson ower maxillary hone does not articulate directly with the cranium. The second division, the sauropsida, includes repules and birds, an association justified by the to be taken by the first of March next. This will give us peace and satisfy the world that cruel tyrants caunot live in a land of liberty. If this is not accomplished nothing will be claimed beyond the sum of \$50,000 in advance, which is sup-These animals never possess branchia, and breathe by the aid of lungs; the amnois and allantoid are both well devel-oped; cach branch of the maxillary bone is composed of several pieces, and articu-lates with the cranium by means of an inposed to he necessary to reach and slaughter the three villains. I will give, myself, \$1,000 toward the patriotic purpose. Every one wishing to contribute will address "X." Cahawba, Alabama.

December 1, 1864.

FACTORIES.—The country demands the establishment of factories. The culture of cotton will no longer pay to raise it for distant markets, but we should erect factories and convert raw material into cloths at our own doors, and avoid the three-cent tay ner pound and have it on The mammifera contain the same individuals as in the standard classification, but their rank is determined from some-what different characters. That they nevel have branchia, are always provided with an amnois and allantoid; that the greater part of the blood globules are non-uncleated; that each branch of the lower cloths at our own doors, and avoid the three-cent tax per pound and pay it on the cloth. We are authorized to offer liberal inducements to any parties who will build a factory in our city. Any company who will come to Corinth and build a factory will be donated five arresof valuable land within the corporate limits for the location of the factory. In addition to this liberal inducement we can guarantee that all the cloths that a maxillary bone is simple and articulated directly with the cranium: that there are two occipital condyles; that the skin is furnished with hairs, and the females pos-sess mammary glands.— l'aris Cov. N. I. can guarantee that all the cloths that a large factory can turn out will find ready sale, and would pay larger profits than the Eastern factories. Will the Northern To the Editors of the N. Y. Tribune: Sir: You will greatly oblige me with the kindness of publishing in your next papers pass this paragraph around?-Corinth Weekly News, June 1st. weekly issue only so much: I, the undersigned, approve and indorse to the last letter the recent public state-ment of Gov. Louis Kossuth, proving that

PROOF COINS.-Proof coins are those struck in the mint from the master die, the original die cut by the engraver. The custom of the mint has been to strike the Hungarian nation committed a political suicide by the adoption of the new compromise or arrangement with the Emperor of Austria. I consequently give not a farthing more for the Constitution shout a hundred sets, more or less, of the about a hundred sets, more or less, of the entire coinage of the year from the master die. These are very beautiful and perfect specimens, and are known as "proofs." They always command a premium, which increases as years advance. The master die is afterwards used to impress in soft steel and make other dies, from which the great bulk of the coinage is struck. In restored that way, surrendering cowardly—after the so fatal, as ridiculous, scheme naugurated by Mr. Deak—the iudependence of the Hungarian Kingdom, never great bulk of the coinage is strnck. In the cents the difference between the proofs and other issues is very great, and the

Good night? I have to say good night? I have to say good night? To such a heat of peerless things? Good night unto that fragile hand. All queenly with its weight of rings; Good night to chestnut braids of hair, Good night unto the perfect mouth, And all the sweetness nestled there—The snowy hand detains me, then I'll have to say good night again!

But there will come a time, my love,
When, if I read our stars aright,
Ishail not linger by the porch
With my adieus. Till then, good night!
You wish the time were now? And I.
You do not blush to wish it so?
You would have blushed yourself to death
To own as much a year ago—
What! both these anowy handa? ah, lhoa
I'll have to say good night again.

RIVER NEWS.

BOATS LEAVING VEIS OAY.

DEPARTURES TESTERDAY.

BOATS IN PORT.
At City Wharf-Pink Varble, Cora S., Alice Vi

At Pertland-M. S. Mepham, indlina

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

h genta, Rolh and Vicksburg, all backing out

Wild Wagoner made a spirited brush to pass us, but failed in the attempt and gave it up at the stock landing, after failing behind half a mile. We ruo the party out of sight the first night out, and made several landings on the coast for passengers. Met the Olive Branch at Red Church. Passed the Henry Ames at College Point, she having left at 12 o'clock the same day. Juoe 2d, not the Richmond at Palmetto Point. 3d, mat the Great Republicat Hard Times. 4th, met the Amazon at Eggs Point. 3th, met the Robert E. Leand passed the Sam G.ly and Norman at Bulletin Towhead; met Belle of St. Louis at Island is; passed (illy of Alton at Columbus, and laoded at

Cairu at 7 o'clock, 4 days and 22 hours out, having

made 43 landings for freight and passengers, and

lost three hours in a storm. Ran against a rising

A recent number of the New Orleans Times ha

NEW OBLKANS, April 13, 180

Osavy the vessers of the case. The correct state of the case. The correct state of the case. The case were constants in attendance, were constants in attendance, were constants was given as using the charge was given as

WS:

CHARGE OF JUDGE TAFT.

Free were two questions for the jury to dewas the boat seworthy in the eense conid by law at the time she was small? Seethe property manned, and did the Office
their power to save her after the danger.

DIED.

"His mind is tranquil and serene, No terrors in his books are seen; His Saviour's smile dispels the gloom, and smooths his passage to the tomb."

On Friday, June 7th, Richano Homes Cocu-kill, aged 33 years; boro in Loudon county, Va., inc lst, 1828,

President Board of Underwriters, by of the Hoard.

President N. O. Chamber of Com President N. O. Merchants' Exchange

JAMES H. WHEELER, Secre

iver from Vicksburg as

CINCINNATI, June 7-I P M.
The river has fallen is inches; now 21 leet . i ch
s in the channel. Weather clear, Turm m ie

THE RIVER Was failing slowly yest

and Leonora Na. 2.

harles and Liberty No. 2.

S. MEPITAM, Capt. E. Wood, 12 M ..

FORT OF LOUISVILLE. OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL, SATURDAY, June 8, A. M.

We met a gentleman to day seeking his wife, who, it seems, was in this place when last heard from, having come here from an Eastern city. There is a strange story connected therewith, which the gentleman has no objection to or giving here. Eight years ago, this gent'eman, whom

A STRANGE STORY

Eight years ago, this gent chan, we shall call Mr. George—, left his young wife with his mother, then residing in the city of D——, and started overland to California. While upon his journey the party of which he was a member ney the party of which he was a member. was attacked by Indians, and he was car-ried into captivity. He escaped from them about a year afterwards and reached San Francisco in safety. During his stay about a year afterwards and reached San Francisco in safety. During his stay among the Indians he made considerable money, trading and otherwise, and upon reaching San Francisco determined to go home, taking passage in a steamer for that purpose. Three days out the steamer was burned, and he among a few others were saved by the efforts of a boat's crew helpograp to a saling vessel, bound for longing to a sailing vessel bound for San Francisco. Having lost his money in this disaster, he sailed for Anstralia, which point he reached in a very destitute con-dition. He was taken sick, and remained point he reached in a very destine con-dition. He was taken sick, and remained in the hands of the physician for many long months. When able to travel he started for home, and when within five days from New York the vessel was over-taken and captured by a rehel privateer and taken into a Southern port. He was consequently into a rehel army, and and taken into a Southern port. He was conscripted into the rehel army, and forced to the front. He was made a hospital steward, which gave him a good opportunity to aid the "Boys in Blue, and saved him from taking a seeming part with the rebels. When the war was over, he came north and at once songht his home. The old house was deserted. Sad-whe turned to an old neighbor for each MISCELLANEOUS.
THE LIBERTY No. 2 did not leave as advertised yesterday morning, but has laid up to wait for he came north and at once songht his home. The old honse was deserted. Sadly he turned to an old neighbor for explanation. This friend, who could hardly believe the story, told him that about three months after he had started for California a letter reached them from a member of the outcome party that George had been yesterday morning full of people. One of her chimneys let down below Baton Ronge, and its rethe outgoing party that George had been killed by the Indians. She had monrued for him a long time, and then a friend of her hasband had married her, and together with the aged mother had gone West, and he is now seeking them

NOTICES OF THE DAY.

FRENCH CHINA.-A complete sto y's China Palace, Fourth and Green

TURTLE LUNCHEON.—There will be a free green sea turtle Innch this morning, at 10½ o'clock, at Walker's Exchange. Soup, roasts, steaks and fries will he the order

LADIES, READ CAREFULLY. - A most remarkable article for the use of ladies is becoming all the rage, and is known as Cold Cream Soap. This delightful prep-aration answers the purpose of powders, blooms, and lotions, without the injurious effects usually brought about by their use. The ladies will find this truly a valuable ilet companion. It is kept by all Lo rille druggists.

Steamboat men will recollect S. G. ing at 121 o'clock, at the Board of Trade Rooms, of the wreck of the steamer J. T. McCombs. See anction advertisment.

FRUIT JABS.—A large stock for sale at low prices at Gay's China Palace, Fourth and Green streets. The purest and sweetest Cod Liver

Oil in the world, mannfactured from fresh, healthy livers, npon the sea shore, it is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," mann tured by CASWELL, MACK, & CO., New York. ul0 ly Sat Sold hy all drnggists.

RUSINESS NOTICES. The finest portraits ever made in this city are now being painted by Math-ews, the well known artist, at Elrod's gal-lery, Main below Fonth street. Now is

the time to have your pictures made, either from life or copied, and enlarged from small pictures of deceased persons. Prices to suit the times. BROADWAY PROPERTY AT AUCTION. One very fine lot on Broadway, between

Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets, on Saturday afternoon, June 8th, 1867, at 2 o'clock, we will sell on the premises one splendid building lot. S. P. WHALEY & CO. je6 d3 _ Anctioneers. MOTH AND FRECELES. - The only reliable

Try our superior London yeast

powder, used by the most respectable families in our city. It is pure and unadulterated. Try it.

RAYMOND & CO.,
m2t eod10 76 Fourth st., west side. nairance, Each party seemed confident of making out their side of the case. Great preparations were anida for the trial. An inamense amount of testi-lands of the trial the coulty form of depositions— wolume of written testimony. WHOOPING COUGH.—This troublesome began May ...d. before Judge Taft, and

> at Woodlawn, one on Wednesday and one on Saturday, two miles over eight hurdles, horses to be handicapped after they are entered. je3 st. CARRIAGES.

> DO JUSTICE TO NATURE. It is ingratitude to uature uot to preserve and keep in spleudid order a good set of teeth. Nothing can be easier. All that is needed is to brush them briskly

FILTON, OWERGO CO., July, 1888.

MESSER, HOSTETTER & SETTH

tent men. I have been severely affilted with
paralysis of the stomach, and avan given up by
several eminent physicians. I have tried several
remedles of a tonic and silminating nature, but
without any good result. Some three or four
months ago I was induced to try your s FOMACH
BITTERS, and have used about seven or eight
bottles with a decided benefit. My health is greatly improved, and I consider your BITTERS the
only efficacions remedy of their kind in the market. If used as directed they we always prove a
sovereign remedy to those afflicted with dyspepsia

HANTINGS, DAKOTA CO., Minn., Ang. 1886. Messes, Hostertere a Smith. Pittsburg, Pa. sicultones: Havesold your BITTBER ever since they were brought out, and consider them the best among the many before the public. Those brought ont since the tax has been imposed on spirits are trash. I never recommend them. Respectfully and truly yours,

Messes. HOSTATTER & SMITH

In afterward should have no weight, unless cared from the evidence that he used his in- eat the time to prevent the saving of the The attention of farmers, grain and ag-The attention of tarmers, grain and agricultural implement dealers, and enterprising business men throughout the South, is called to the advertisement of Messrs. T. J. Swayne & Co. in this moraing's Journal. Their statements may be relied upon as facts. Here is a rate chance for a sate and profitable investment. It is the best thing in the market.

& Lindsey, in another column. jei dim

stock is NOW OPEN and cheaper than ever.

ORIGINAL SIGN SHOP, Jefferson street,

eign balm for a thousand ills. Yours, truly, D. C. REYNOLDS, M. D. min diawthweew

"MEN' AND BOYS' CLOTHING."-J. M. Armstrong's new Spring and Sammer

See advertisement of Fitch, Manry See advertisement of Fitch, Manry

The funcial will lake place this evening at four o'clock, from his late readence. No. 55 Caestant street, bear Fourteenth. Friends of the family are layifed to attend.

remedy for those brown discolorations on the face called Moth Patches and Freckles, is Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. Perry, Dermatolo-gist, 49 Bond street, New York. Sold by all Druggists in Louisville and elsewhere. Price \$2 per bottle.

disease prevails at this time to a great extent in our city. Families whose children
have it will give them great relief by
using Dr. Rose's Whooping Cough Syrup,
sold at Raymond & Co. s, on the west side
of Fourth street, near Main.

m30 deod2w. HURDLE RACES.—There will be two hus

A fine assoriment of Rockaways, Bug-gles, de., for sale low at W. F. Spybey's Carriage Manufactory, Jefferson strees, between Sixth and Seventh. m.D.dz

might and morning with pnrifying SOZODONT. It will make the mouth a perfumed palace. j4 cod lw Convincing.

VER MONDATE, WARN BEDAYS, AND FRIDAYS. 12:00 P. M. 4:00 P. M. LEAV DE DAILY. 6:00 P. M.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

.. 5120 A. M. 8100 P. M. .. 2 16 P. M. .. 7135 A. M. .. 5120 A. M. 8100 P. M.

Regular Packets.

LOUISVILLE CHURCH DIRECTORY. PRESBYTERIAN. CH-Corner Sixth and G

at it o'clock A. M. and 7 P. M.

A.M. BOO, S. M. ALMON STREET CHURCH—Corner of Walnut a Eleventh atrests; Rev. J. S. Hays, pastor. Svices every Sabbath at H. A. M. and 75 P. M. METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

VALUATETREET CRUBEN-Corner Walnut and Fifth; Rev. T. Bottomly, Pastor. Services every

very Sabbath at H A. M. and 7 P. M.

bath at if A. M. and 7 P. M.

Maint's Church—Second, between Green and
Walnut; Rev. James Craik, Rector. Services
every Sabbath at if A. M. and 3 y P. M.

N. JOHN's CHURCH—Jefferson, between Eleventh
and Tweith; Rev. J. J. Talbott, Rector. Services
every Sabbath at 16.30 A. M.

HARCK CHRECH—Gless attrect, between Fluyd and
Preston; Oscar B. Thayer, Rector. Services every
Sabbath at 1sy o'clock A. M. and I P. M.

BAPTIST

BAPTIST.

ALNIT-STREET CHURGE—Northwest cor. h
ad Walnut. Rev. G. C. Lorrimer. Pastor.
toes every Rabbush at HA. M. and 7 P. M.,
http://doi.org/10.1006/10.100

CHRISTIAN REFORMED

BEALOF THE ASSUMPTION-Fifth, between the eastern bank. It is yet a small place but the residents look for importan

changes at no distant day. A thrnpike changes at no distant day. A thrnpike commense, American commense, American changes at no distant day. A thrnpike commense, American changes at no distant day. A thrnpike commense, American changes at no distant day. A thrnpike commense changes at no distant day.

JEWISH SYNAGOGUE. Fourth street between Green and Walnut.
POLISH SYNAGOGUE.

FOREIGN ITEMS.

The Governor of San Lnis, Mexico, has ordered that a fine be imposed upon all athers of a family who do not send their thildren to school.

At a penny peep-show at a fair held in Southampton, England, three weeks ago, there was to be seen a picture of the death of the great African explorer, Living-stone, which was stated by the exhibitor to have been "executed on the spot!"

In England there has been invented a registering thermometer which tells the beat of a given locality at any distance. By it, it is stated, the captain of a vessel can ascertain the temperature at the bottom of any sea over which he may be sailing.

red a young man aged eighteen. By her first heshand she had a son whose age at the time of her second marriage was twentyone. She recently died, and by her will left her fortune to her son and husband. As her husband was not of age, l er son was appointed his guardian. Acabinetmaker in London has done a

the defects and ill-taste of modern furni-ture. This article, being general in its character and very readable, is accepted by the publishers of the Cornbill Magazine and perhaps, even paid for. Fol-lowing it is an advertisement in all the London papers, announcing cabinet work of new designs, of a pictureague and ar-litite character, carrying out the suggestistic character, carrying out the sugges-tions of the Cornhill writer, and most of the work designed by the author of that article. So the editor of the Cornhill gave the cabinetmaker a first-class advertise-ment gratnitously, and the latter is reap-ing a nice little fortune out of it.

KENTUCKY NEWS.

TELECRAPHIC NEWS.

ite California do.

Provisions nuchanged.

Cotton easier. Corn declined 3d.

MEXICO.

f a disposal of him, but the conclusion

PENNSYLVANIA.

ble so much to citizens or the disl

NEW YORK.

NEW OBLEANS, June 7.

NEW YORK, June 7.

BUFFALO, June 7.

twelve miles—the first with Fair grounds and buildings, and doing considerable business in stock and tobacco. Both places impress a stranger very favorably as to the resources of the surrounding country; and each has its own turnpike, the first crossing the railroad near Sanders Mill and Lick Spring, and the second It was the Czar of Russia whose assas-sination was attempted yesterday. In the imperial carriage were the Czar, his two imperial carriage were the Czar, his two
sons, and Napoleon III. When the royal
party were being driven through the Bois
de Bologne, a young man, apparently
about twenty years of age, fired a pistol
at the Czar, or in the direction in which
he sat, in the carriage. It appears that
the pistol had been overloaded, for it exploded, wounding the hand of the assass
sin. It is alleged that a person standing
in the crowd threw up the arm of the
wretch, by a promptly directed stroke,
just as he discharged the pistol. He was
instantly ent down, severely wounded, and
made prisoner by the escort. The imperial
carriage passed on without halting.
The supposed mnrderer is a Pole.

The grand military review in the Champ Shent and Warsaw. Through all this Dwen and Eagle country there is an evi-lent partiality to Louisville, and on the completion of the railroad it will require ut little effort on the part of Lo on the railroad work within thirty mile contractors spoke of sending for further The grand military review in the Champ e Mars, yesterday, was the most brilliant

course, and with easy grades, through this beautiful Eagle Valley, the railroad finally leaves it, and passes through the Elliston Tunnel (200 yards long) on to the slopes of Ten Mile Creek, and thence ascends to the ridge at Verona, a small village at the intersection of several important roads, with a Masonic Hall, and a fine country beyond as far as Walton on the Lexing Sales of cotton for the week were 95, by bales advanced [6]; stock estimated t 83,300 bales, over half American. ton turnpike. Six miles from Verona are the noted Big Bone Springs, near which were found several years since the intersting fossil remains which have named

Breadstuffs quiet at 37s 9d. Wheat-No. 1 Milwaukee red 13s 9d, From the Elliston tunnel to Verona, the country is rough, well and timbered, and presents heavy grading for railroad work. We found a correspondingly large force of railroad workmen under the contractors Keyser, Miller & Co., M. G. Kennedy and Money steady. Erie, 40½; Illinois Central, 75; bonds, 73.
2 P. M.—Consols advanced & quoted at 94‡. Dutch standard sugar declined.

Keyser, Miller & Co., M. G. Kennedy add M. R. Johnson, and the work progressing rapidly and well.
Walton is a thriving ridge village, twenty miles from Cincinnati, and from this place down we passed a constant concession of handsome villas and country residences, especially in the vicinity of Independence, the old county seat of Kenton county, ten miles on from Walton.
From the Licking Ridge, seventeen miles down to the Licking Valley, the railroad is located upon the slopes of Bank Lick creek, accepting at the Fleming Bend, ten miles from the Ohio, a bold location to save the two miles circuit by the double horse-shoe bend of the creek. The Dates from San Luis Potosi, Mexico, to the 17th elt., state that Maximilian's fate still hangs in the balance. Juarez and his ministers held a conference on the subject of a disposal of his his that the state of the subject of a disposal of his his that the state of the subject of the subje

nknown. It was thought Jnarez would The capture of Miramon, with the rest, was confirmed. Mendez, however, is nodouble horse-shoe bend of the creek. The tunnel is 150 yards long, and, together with the Bank Lick, work is in progress under Brook, Foster, & Co., contractors. here to be found. Escobedo had issued an order that every under Brook, Foster, & Co., contractors.

The scenery down Bank Lick is quite picturesque, and the slopes are studded with villas and cottages, thickening fast as we approach the Ohio. From the Latonia Springs, four miles into the ontskirts of Covington, the roadside improvements are nearly continuous and of the better character suggested by the vicinity of large cities. Two miles from Covington the railroad location terminates for the present to await the final decision of the company as to their terminns, whether imperial officer who had not surrendered within twenty four hours should be taken Judge Kelley was received by his political friends in Philadelphia last night. In his address he referred to the Mobile affair, saying the riots were not charges-

ble so much to citizens or the disloyal authorities as they were to Andrew Johnson, who had appointed to a post of profit there a recreant Northerner, who provoked the disturbance by inflammatory statements in public journals days before his arrival. The riots, he said, were premeditated, and were not brought on by any words of his own. in Covington or in Newport—a point just now of much interest to the two corporaons. The country thus briefly sketched and the The conntry thus prieny sketched and the important enterprise, which is to develop it, are of peculiar and constantly increasing interest to the people of Lonisville. Their first thought is naturally and proposed the property turned to those valuable Sonthwestern connections which have done so much for the city and are to do still more. The Louisville and Cincinnati railroad is the legitimate and much desired comple-tion of that very system and supplies within Kentucky a direct connection with the great net-work of Northeastern rail-

the company as to their terminas, whether

In the case of Prather, Wadsworth & Co., of Pithole, against the Western Union Telegraph Company, the jury yesterday rendered a verdict for \$11,271 in favor of missouri.

St. Louis, June 7.

Accounts from several of the interior counties notice an nausually violent hall storm last Sanday and Monday nights, which did great damage to the fruit and crops. In some places hail stones fell as large as a hen's egg, covering the ground completely, and remaining for forty-eight honts.

LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD.

Covington, June 1, 1867.

My last letter closed on the banks of the Kentneky at the railroad bridge, and with

rapid construction. MORE ANON. AUSTRALIA.

My last letter closed on the banks of the Kentncky at the railroad bridge, and with a passing mention of the fine grass farms in the vicinity. The river valley is here unnsually wide. Two large streams, Eagle Creek and Mill Creek, also come in from either side, and their valleys gradually opening on combine with that of the Kentucky to form one of the largest and went Early in March, an inter-colonial conference was held at Melbourne, at which New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, New Zealand, and Tasmania were represented by leading officials. The object was to discuss the tucky to form one of the largest and most valuable bodies of river bottom in the State. The entire flat is more or less im-proved, some of the farms very highly; ute and one via Panama To this, \$2,000,000 are required, one-half to be supplied, pro rata, by the six colonies, and the other moiety by the mother country. Moreover, the delegates also decided upon the establishment of a Federal Country. changes at no distant day. A turnpike connection is certain with Carrollton eight miles distant on the Obio river, and about cil, to be composed of two representatives of each colony, to whom any future ques-tion affecting the colonies generally should be referred.

two miles are already used. Another important turnpike is projected by Dr. Norvin Green, and other large landholders in the vicinity, to bridge Eagle Creek, and ascend the slopes of Buck Run to the rich Owen Ridge, near Dallasburg. A third turnpike is discussed, up the west bank, from a new town laid off opposite Worthville to the Drennon Springs, with a branch to Port Royal, on the Henry Ridge. In addition, a steamboat line on the Keneucky is to connect with the daily trains during navigable stages of the river, which the State officials are preparing to improve as soon as a suitable

paring to improve as soon as a suitable dredge-boat can be obtained to remove the obstructions at Cedar Bar and other New Soul points now serioasly interfering with the regular navigation. Some much-needed repairs are also contemplated this season at Lock No. 1, when the river falls suf-

ficiently.

All this is in the future. For the present we were well content with good fishing, pleasant rides, and fire views from the Kentucky hills.

Leaving Worthville, we rode leisnrely the Fagle Valley, meeting at short dis-The exports of the Australian colonies,

the Kentucky hills.

Leaving Worthville, we rode leisnrely up the Eagle Valley, meeting at short distances the omnipresent railroad workmen, generally Irish born or of Irish descent. With what dexterity the trne son of Erin handles the tools of his calling, and with what downright, honest, hard work so light-hearted and cheerful withal' We could not help moralizing how much the country owes to the steady, day by day seffort of these humble men as a class, through whom has been accomplished one of the most rapid and magnificent systems of internal improvement in all history and within the recollection of middle-aged men from the first rail laid in the United States to the approaching completion of the Pacific Railroad. It is gratifying to know in this connection, that the condition of railroad workmen has been steadily improving of late. 9,612,305

colonies in 1865 gives an aggregate of arrivals amounting to 1,909,091 tons, and 2,018 224 tons as the aggregate of departures. The following table will show the workmen has been steadily improving of late years. They are better fed, clad and housed than in the earlier experience of

boused than in the earlier experience of public works they save more money, enjoy better average health, and are in every respect superior to the old-fashioned "navvy." Accidents still occur, but much more rarely, from the improvements in fuse and explosives; and as for the railroad riot, and faction fights, they are among the things of the past. The "Priest is now welcome to all, engineer, contractor, and of course to the men.

The names of the contractors on the Eagle Division were given as follows:

The names of the contractors on the Eagle Division were given as follows:

James Walsh, O Hara, Cummings & McGill, John Coleman, James McGuirk, Yelly, Cantz & Co. and James Reid, most them old contractors in Kentucky and ennessee. The general course of the hagie valley for twenty miles is remarkably straight. In volumn, the stream might more aptly be styled a river, draining a basin of some 400 square miles in the counties of Carroll, Gallatin, Owen, Grant, Boone and Scott. The lower valley averages a breadth of nearly two miles, with bends and bluffs and other characteristics of Wastern streams, even to its mouth

tics given in the memorial we shall add the following, which we have carefully compiled from official returns: Compiled trois official returns:

Expendix for the first official returns for the first offic

From the Owensboro Mostor 8th.

Two caffish were caught on a trot-line by one of the fishermen of this city last week, that weighed respectively 109 and 162 pounds.

[From the Dany le Advocate, 7th. A man by the name of Divine, Burnet and the state of the state of

COMMERCIAL

REVIEW OF THE MARKETS

twine 60@65c. Carpel chain 50@60c. COAL-Sales by the load, retail, 20c; wholesale, 1

dozen; secondand third rate \$402 25 per dozen Broom-corn nominal, at \$502,125 per ton. Butter common to choice, 1521sc per b. Beans \$202 50 pe bushel, old and new. Eggs 1520sc per dozen. for fresh packed. Feathers steady at \$5025sc per 2 Flarseed, clear, \$240.6 Ginseng, new. \$5025c. old. 7 Ginseng, new. \$

hales at 25,6224c,7 do at 226,224c,3 do at 216214c, do at 201,6204c, 3 do at 186194c,1 do at 164c,2 do 166164c. The market is depressed, owing to the sheetings at 17c, Laurel Hill, Macon, Ga., Anchor Penn Mill at 17c, Columbia Mitts at 16%c.

nt %@10; timothy at \$462 25; Hungarian \$2 200 2 20 for choice. Hemp scarce at \$3.50@10. Millet \$1.20@2.25. Flax firm at \$2.40. Salt-Stocks ample; sales of Ohlo river, Ka-nawha, and Hartford City at 500 per bushel. \$2.50 per bbl of 250 lbs. Table-salt \$5.50 and dairy at \$1.50 per bbl.

Weot.-Fair demand; unwashed 25g31c; tub washed 40645c; extra lots for.

Wrot.—Fair demand; unwashed 28631c; tub washed 46645c; extra lots fro. Witney — Decilining; sales of 75 bbls new raw at \$218.78 do at \$230, duty paid; 153 do new copper at 85c in bond, and 17 do at \$17.

Tobacco—The receipts show no abatemnel, and prices are fully anstained. The breaks to-day aggregated alt bbds, with its rejections of prices bld, a good indication that satisfactory rates were obtained. In the sales were several borsheads of

tained. In the sales were several hogsheads of two county leaf, at prices as follows: \$39, \$27, \$27, 25, \$21, \$21, 75 and \$26,75. Sales were also 4 his 18 75, eat \$17617 75, 4 at \$20620 30, 4 at \$19619 25, 6 at \$150 18 75, eat \$17617 75, 5 at \$16616 50, 12 at \$1565 75, 3 at \$14614 25, 11 at \$13613 75, 7 at \$12612 75, 12 at \$116 1 75, 26 at \$10,0010 75, 23 at \$1009 95, 23 at \$825 94, 19 a

Markets by Telegraph.

les. Manchester market fair, Goods and yarns dull Mancoester market tair. Goods and yarns dult ind heavy.

Breadstuffs closed quiet and with a downward chiedency. Corn & sd formixed Western. Wheat white California 13: 6d. Oats firmer at 3s 7d. It was the california of the control of the california of the californ

STEAMBOATS.

For Cairo, Memphia, Vickaburg, and New Orleans,

U. S. MAIL STEAMERS FOR CINCINNATI.

Earlier Coulomb

U.S.MAIL

PACKETS

Connecting al Evansville with packets for

Owensboro, Evansville, & Henderson,

at all the above Landings, and run Messengers re-

DRY GOODS.

SPRING GOODS

Now opening a large and well-assorted stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

cted with the greatest care, and to which we daily receiving fresh additions, all of which offer at the lowest prices. We respectfully in-our customers and city and country mer-nits generally to give as a call before huying.

SEALED PROPOSALS

To Contractors and Builders,

CEALED PROSALS will be re-

PROPOSALS FOR FUEL

ookiyn, N. Y .- 350 tons of Coal; 50 cords of

For Memphia, Vicksburg, and New Or Icana. INDIANA. Will leave us above on tuls day, to passage apply on board or to.

B. J. CAPPREY, Agent. For Vicksharg and New Orleans,

M. S. MEPHAM ELIAH Woon, Master,
Will leave as anoveon saturday,
passage apply on board or to M. For freight or
passage apply on board or to M. For freight or
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passage apply on the freight or to M. For freight or to M. Fo INDIANA. R. E. Ngal, Master.

INDIANA. R. E. Ngal, Master.

Will leave as above on Saturday of passage apply on bound or to the St. Ngal, Mo. 26 Wall street, to

For Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans, R. E. NEAL, Master.
Leaves as nbove on Saturday, 19
sth lust, at 5 P. M. For freight ERWIN & DONABUE, Agents. For New Orleans. J. S. NEAL, Master,

For Memphis, Vicksburg, and New Or-The following is the statement of the public

DEBT BEARING CUBRENCY INTEREST ent. bouds....... 18,7:2,000 00 componed int.

mount of deht less cash in Treas'y ... 2,515,615,936 The foregoing is a correct statement of the pub-ite debt, as appears from the books and Treasurger returns in the department, on lst of June, 1887, ILVGH MCULLOCH, Secretary of the Treasurry.

Moderate demand for staple atyles of goods a steady rates, but the market not active.

Alianna A sheeting fact not active.

Alianna A sheeting fact not active.

Trc, Indian Orchard C at the Tremont at his, Po-cassed Hat 10% Bedford E at c. Maccon at 17% Agawam F at 14c, Illifs, Semper, Idem and Lon-dale bleached muslins at 22%c; James steam Mill at 19c, Pepperell, 6-4 at 42%c, Waitham, 42-lach 9-at 86c. ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY'S

at 86c.

Araspa tickings at 18c, Methiuen Eagle at 20c.

American airipes at 18615c, Amoskeag Deuinss at 86c, Suffolk at 20c.

Freeman prints at 11%512%c, for dark and light styligh 12c, for Naunkeag sattens 2, 16 and 18c.

New Market corset jeans 18%c, for Amoskeag dilla 18c, Fepperell 19c.

Chicago Market,

MORNING STAR AND SATURDAYS,
MORNING STAR AND SATURDAYS,
MORNING STAR AND SATURDAYS,
The above are splendid passenger
steamers. Freights received daily
uutil 30 clock P. M. Forfreight or passage apply to
MANN SATTERWHITE, Shipping Clerk, or

Plour-Superfine for Johning \$10 75, double extra
75, choice \$18 25.

orn active and lower; mixed and yellow \$1 1976
; white scarce at \$1 20. Oats in light supply at

\$4\$ and dull. Hay unchanged.

of nork-Prime niess \$2 20. Bascon in good Johning
mand; shoulders \$4c, rib sides 125c, clear sides

oc. Lard very firm, holders asking 135c for
receand \$1/6812c for keg. 1351. ilng 147@151. New York sight exchange

BALTIMORE, June 7 Coffee duil and prices favor buyers. Flour-Peniand limited; Howard-street supe

Notest duil and quotations unchanged. Philadelphia Market.

Memphia Markel.

**DEMPHIS, June 7.

Collon dull and drooping; uplauds 24 5 625c. Its
cettes of the week 55 hales. Exports 2,221 hales
stock 10,119 bales.

At Washington City, D. C.—880 tons of Coal; 800 cords of Wood.

At Portsmonth, N. H.—125 tons of Coal; 220 cords At Charlestown, Mass.-170 tons of Coal; 15 cords Wood At Phliadelphia, Pa,-125 tons of Coal; 80 cords of At Gosport, Va.-100 tons of Coal; 90 cords of Vood.

Tay ments will be made upon the receipt of ac-product of the post at which the wood or coal has-sh delivered.

The right is reserved to reject all bids considered. A guarantee to be signed by two responsible perconsidered.
To be ludorsed "Proposals for Fuel," and addressed to the undersigned.
WILLIAM B. SLACK,
Major and Quartermaster. WATERING - PLACES. CRAB ORCHARD SPRINGS. nates.

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